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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXXIII NO. 204 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1945 Price 2 Annas

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First Naval Landing In Japan On Thursday

Allied Fleet To Enter Tokyo Bay Any Moment

Stalemate In Surrender Talks On Australian Front

LONDON, August 27. (Reuter): Orders to the Allied fleet to move into Tokyo Bay are expected "at any moment" according to a broadcast by an American radio commentator with the United States Third Fleet in Sangami Bay to-night, picked up by Reuter in London.

An earlier message said: Within 24 hours the first ships of the mighty Allied battle fleet, to-night anchored in Sangami Bay, will enter Tokyo Bay if the report from the mine-sweepers now clearing the channels is satisfactory.

This was reported to-night by Astley Hawkins, Reuter's Special Correspondent aboard the British battleship 'Duke of York', who said that heavy warships would follow on Wednesday and the first Allied landings would take place on Thursday at 3-45 a.m. I.S.T to secure batteries at Yokosuka Naval Base.

The decision to move into Tokyo Bay rests with Rear-Admiral Oscar C. Badger, commanding the United States Third Fleet Occupation Force. When he is satisfied that there is a clear path, his flagship 'San Diego' will lead the vast fleet into the bay.

MACARTHUR'S INTIMATION

General MacArthur in a message to the Japanese General Headquarters said to-day that more United States troops, in addition to those indicated to the Japanese envoys who came to Manila, will land from transports on September 1 at Yokohama Port, south-west of Tokyo, and Taeyama ,south-easterly point of Sagami Bay.

The Allied fleet of 1,2 warships and many auxiliary craft moved to its anchorage in Sagami Bay in calm and sunny weather, according to Astley Hawkins, but the indications are that it just missed the 101-mile an hour typhoon, which the Singapore Radio said swept over the sea last night.

JAP CABINET MEETS

From Manila an American broadcaster reported that General MacArthur would leave his headquarters there to-night for Okinawa, while the Tokyo Radio announced that the Japanese Cabinet met to-day "on the eve of an extraordinary session of the Diet", the opening of which had been postponed until September 4 owing to the delay in surrender signing.

At many points in the island-studded Pacific, surender talks between American and local Japanese commanders are now going well. At a conference aboard a United States destroyer at Yap in Palau Group the Japanese commander expressed his willingness to surrender 44,000 troops as soon as he was officially authorised to do so.

On Atoll, the Japanese headquarters for Marshall Islands, the Japanese commander told an American naval patrol that the Atoll had been completely disarmed while awaiting final orders from Tokyo. On Ocean Island, south of the Gilbert group, a white flag was raised in reply to leaflets dropped by Navy planes, while on other islands, although no white flags were raised when low flying reconnaissance planes swept over, the Japanese did no. fire, nor take cover.

American patrol bombers reported to-day seeing prearranged surrender crosses painted over runways at Truk, the most formidable of the Japanese strong-points.

Up in the north Soviet Fleet units were reported by the New York Radio to have anchored at Port Arthur.

AUSTRALIAN FRONTS DEADLOCK

A Reuter despatch said Indo-China would be formally surrendered at Hanoi capital early next month, but in London it is announced from Australia House that surrender negotiations on Australian battle fronts had reached a stalemate.

A state of armed truce has been declared throughout the Solomons, New Britain and New Guinea, but so far the Japanese had not laid down arms, as directed by the Australian field commanders, and it is unlikely that there will be agreement terms in Japanese.

The Japanese News Agency reported that Chinese troops, with units of the United States Army Air Force in China, began to land in the Shanghai sector by air to-day without any incident.

At the headquarters in Colombo of the British East Indies Fleet it is stated that the Japanese naval authorities at Penang are awaiting the arrival of the British Fleet when they will hand over the charts of Malacca Strait minefields, which block the way to Singapore.

Surrender talks in Rangoon are making good progress, but the final conference which was to have been held at 8 p.m. I.S.T., to-day has now been postponed to 11 p.m.

It is officially explained at Rangoon that the agreement to be signed there between Lt.-Gen. F. A. M. Browning, Chief of Staff to Admiral Mountbatten, and the Japanese Chief

(Continued on page 5 column 5)

Japs In Singapore Still Truculent

RANGOON, August 27. (A.P.I.). The Japanese garrison at Singapore is still truculent, the staff officer at the surrender negotiations stated to-day.

The question of demanding replacement of General Seishiro Itagaki, garrison commander, may be considered, he added.

It was officially stated that Allied service chiefs do not yet know what Japanese surrender envoys are empowered to sign or surrender.

The United Press of America adds: Major-General Desmond Harrison, head of the British Army Mission, to-day said that an advance party from SEAC is expected to enter Singapore on September 1.

General Harrison said that the names of the first released Allied prisoners should be available next week.

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WAVELL AT WHITEHALL

Talks With Secretary Of State For India

LONDON, August 27 (Reuter): The Viceroy of India, Lord Wavell, arrived at the India Office early today and immediately had talk with the Secretary of State for India, Lord Pethick-Lawrence.

Lord Wavell was accompanied at the India Office this morning by Rao Bahadur V. P. Menon, Reforms Commissioner. It is expected that Mr. Menon will advise the Viceroy on any proposed changes in the Indian constitution.

Tonight Lord Wavell will dine with the Prime Minister, Mr. Attlee, at No. 10, Downing Street.

No statement has yet been issued regarding the character of the new talks.

PRESS COMMENT

The arrival of Viscount Wavell to take part in consultations regarding the future Government of India, forms the subject of an editorial comment in the Conservative "Daily Sketch" today.

The "Sketch" writes: "Here is a man who is versatile and of wide culture. His contribution to the difficult discussions ahead will be marked by knowledge and mastery."

The arrival of Lord Wavell for consultations with the new Labour Government regarding the future of India is headline news in British papers today.

There is, however, marked abstention from comment in the leading journals apparently with the intention of giving the new government a fair trial and refraining from saying anything calculated to make the difficult problems more difficult.

The London correspondent of the Conservative "Yorkshire Post" says: "It is natural to ask whether some new British approach to India is now to be made in the political sphere. This should not be taken for granted."

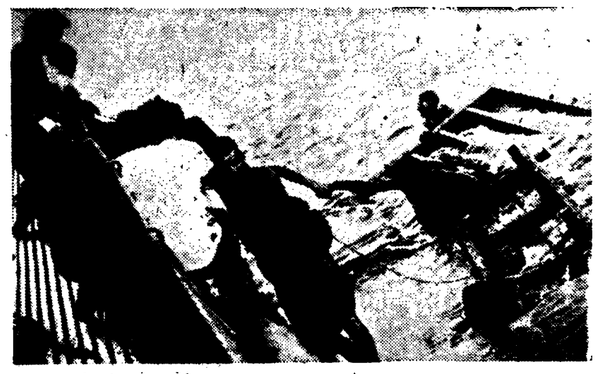
The correspondent adds "a better Anglo-Indian atmosphere was created as a result of the Simla conference, but it failed, because Mr. Jinnah refused to provide a list of Muslim representatives.

INTERIM GOVT. LIKELY?

The London correspondent of the Liberal "Manchester Guardian" says that Lord Wavell's report to the Cabinet "is expected to have particular reference to the formation of a new Executive Council as an interim measure."

The United Press of America adds: This afternoon Lord Wavell is meeting Cabinet Ministers directly interested in Indian affairs. It is understood that the consultations will include talks with Sir Stafford Cripps concerning Indian economic affairs which, informed sources said, now rank in importance with the political questions.

Officials stressed that no new Indian proposals are thus far envisaged. They said that the Wavell discussions aimed principally at seeking the most expeditious method of "guiding India towards the next step" of national applications.



British and Australian prisoners of war, survivors of the Japanese vessel *s.s. Rakuyo Maru*, are picked up by members of the U. S. S. *Sea Lion*, the submarine that sank the enemy transport in the China Sea as she was bound from the Straits Settlement to the Japanese mainland.

INDIA MUST QUIT EMPIRE DOLLAR POOL

Shroff Sees No Early Prospect Of Capital Goods For This Country

LONDON, August 27. (Reuter): Mr. J. R. D. Tata, Leader of the Indian Industrialists Delegation, and Mr. A. D. Shroff, Financial Adviser to the Tata Group, have left here *en route* for India.

Mr. Shroff told the Associated Press of America that capital goods were not available either in America or in England immediately for purchase by India.

Mr. Shroff said:

"India's most urgent requirement is textile machinery. America so far has not supplied any textile machinery to India and there is very little likelihood of America doing so in the coming year.

"So far as the United Kingdom is concerned the textile machinery manufacturers barely worked two per cent of their capacity during the war. They have, however, in recent months started reconverting their plants for their normal business. One of the biggest manufacturers, I understand, has acquired from the Government a large and mechanically well-equipped munition workshop, and is working at a tremendous pace to enable at an early date the manufasture of textile machinery.

TWO DIFFICULTIES

"But there are two difficulties in the way of this industry attaining its prewar capacity for export for some time These are availability of coal and the return of their trained personnel, which during the war, was dispersed over other industries. In the meantime, there has been considerable accumulation of orders from all over the world, orders received as back as 1941, which have yet to be completed.

"Again the pressure the Labour Government is bringing upon the textile industries of Lancashire for reorganisation and re-equipment would mean that the home industry will presumably have a priority for the supply of new textile machinery. I see very little possibility of India obtaining before 1947 any substantial supplies of textile machinery from the United Kingdom."

QUIT THE DOLLAR POOL

Mr. Shroff continued: "With the termination of the war both in Europe and the Far East, there is no justification whatsoever for the continuance of the Empire Dollar Pool. In any case, India's participation in the Dollar Pool must immediately be discontinued, and the balance of dollars accruing to India in her trade with the United States should henceforth be made available for India to obtain some of her requirements on a competitive basis from the United States.

"I am carrying with me a definite impression to India as a result of my observations and talks with a number of people in the two countries, that this vexed question is being brought to a head soon. And though

(Continued on page 5 column 5)

Mercy For Men: Court Martial For Leaders

India Govt. And Subhas Bose's Liberation Army

NEW DELHI, August 27. (A.P.I.): "The Government of India have decided to treat with mercy and generosity the rank and file of those soldiers who yielded to pressure and who were so misguided as to join the forces raised by the enemy", says a press *communique*.

But they will allow the Law to take its course and will try by Court Martial the leaders and those who were guilty of particularly heinous crimes.

MOST SERIOUS OFFENCE

The 'Communique' says that the offences of going over to the enemy and fighting against his former comrade is the most serious offence that a soldier can commit. It is punishable with death by the Laws of almost all countries, and those who have committed this offence and been captured can claim no rights as belligerents or prisoners of war. The Government of India feels, however, that allowance must be made for the circumstances in which the rank and file found themselves placed after their capture. From that date they were in no position to learn the truth of the progress of the war or to hear any news but false and propagandist Japanese or German reports.

CLEMENCY FOR THE MISGUIDED

Some of them were misled by this propaganda or gave way to pressure or the desire for better treatment and joined the enemy with no motives beyond an immediate improvement in their living conditions.

Those men, therefore, who seem to have been merely misguided—and they are the majority—will be treated with clemency.

There can, of course, be no question of retaining in the Indian Army anyone who has violated the soldier's code and betrayed his companions. Men of this category will, therefore, be discharged but, as an act of grace they will be given leave with pay for 42 days and will not be required to refund the allowances paid to their families during the time they were in enemy pay and in enemy hands.

COURT MARTIAL FOR LEADERS

This will be the treatment of the majority of those who joined the enemy. There remain a number to whom, if the facts against them are proved to be true, it would be wrong to extend the same measure of, clemency. Among them are some leaders who appear to have consciously embraced the Japanese or German cause.

For these men, there can be no alternative but to allow trial by Court Martial to proceed. They will be allowed to choose counsel to represent them, and the trials will not be held in camera".

In addition to these two classes, there are at present a considerable number whose cases require further examination before they can be classified, and who will be retained in military custody pending this examination.

It is well to remember that the behaviour of all these men makes more glorious by contrast the courage and endurance of those brave soldiers, the great majority of the prisoners of war, who stayed true to their salt and stubbornly resisted the efforts of the enemy to undermine their fidelity.

CITY CORPORATION'S TRIBUTE TO SUBHAS

Nagpur Press Hartal: Student Demonstrations To Honour Death Of Great Patriot

NAGPUR, August 27. (U.P.I.): All daily newspaper offices, viz, "Hitvada", "Nagpur Times", "Hindustan Herald", "Navabharat", "Lokmat" and "Taroon Bharat" were closed to-day in memory of Mr. Subhas Bose.

Nagpur is observing hartal to-day to mourn the death of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, ex-President of the Indian National Congress. Most of the shops, Municipal Offices and Schools remain closed. Workmen of the local textile mills absented themselves from work.

College students all over the City joined in the general hartal.

BOMBAY CORPORATION'S HOMAGE

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Municipal Corporation to-day adjourned as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Babu Subhas Chandra Bose.

Dr. Alban DeSouza, the Mayor, said:—

It is my painful duty to-day to refer to the sad news of the death of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose in rather tragic circumstances.

The late Mr. Bose was an ardent worker in the cause of the country. He resigned from the Indian Civil Service to join the National movement.

Later, in the year 1924, when he was barely 27 years old, he was appointed the Chief Executive Officer of the Calcutta Corporation and in 1930 while in jail he was elected Mayor of that Corporation.

In 1938, he was elected President of the Indian National Congress and during his visit to this City in that year, he was accorded a Civic Address by this Corporation.

Later on, however his political activities differed from the avowed policy of the Congress. Nevertheless, in spite of the difference of his political views and methods, his sincerity of purpose in the attainment of national freedom were unquestionable.

May his soul rest in peace.

THE RESOLUTION

Mr. S. K. Patil, then moved the following resolution:

That the Corporation have learnt with profound sorrow of the sad news of the reported death in Japan on August 18, 1945, of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, an ex-President of the Indian National Congress, who devoted himself wholly to the cause of the country and by whose death the country has lost an ardent patriot and the people a great and respected leader.

That a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the family of the deceased with an expression of the Corporation's sympathy in their sad bereavement.

That as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the Corporation do now adjourn without transacting any business to-day.

Mr. Patil said wherever Mr. Bose went, he carried with him the gospel of independence of India. He had the unique distinction of being elected twice President of the Indian National Congress.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas seconded and Mr M. N. Talpade and Mr. M. V. Donde supported the resolution which was carried, the members standing up as a mark of respect.

The Corporation then adjourned till Wednesday.

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Delhi Canard Exposed

There is no truth whatsoever in the New Delhi message published in a Bombay newspaper that Mr. S. A. Brelvi is likely to join the Muslim League.

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City Institutions' Condolence For Subhas

Among the institutions which have passed condolence resolutions on the reported death of Subhas Bose are:—The All-India Hindu Students' Federation, the Goan Youth League, the Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society's Employees' Union, the Goa Congress Committee, and the Telephone Workers' Union.

Sarojini Naidu's Tribute

HYDERABAD (Deccan), August 27 (API): Mrs. Sarojini Naidu member of the Congress Working Committee, has issued the following statement on the death of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose:—

"Subhas is dead—the most tragic scene has been enacted in the many-coloured drama of his strange and crowded life. To myriads of men and women who loved him, his death is more than a great national loss—it is a deep personal bereavement.

"Those of us who dissented from him most strongly in his approach to some of the vital political issues and deplored more keenly his unwise and unfortunate decision to seek the aid of Fascist Europe and Imperialistic Japan to set India free, also realised most clearly that he was driven to this desperate and calamitous action by his implacable hatred of India's bondage and his overwhelming passion to achieve her independence.

"His proud, importunate and violent spirit was a flaming sword for ever unsheathed in defence of the land he worshipped with such surpassing devotion. His death and his life were both a dedication to the ideal of liberty. A greater love hath not man than this, that he lay down his life for his country and his people.

HARTAL IN SIMLA

Simla, August 27. (A.P.I.): Most of the Hindu shops remained closed here today as a mark of of respect to the memory of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, August 27. (U.P.I.): Delhi observed complete hartal today

(Continued On Page 5, Col. 2.)

Has Quisling Brain Tumour?

OSLO, August 27. (Reuter): The trial of Vidkun Quisling, the Norwegian premier under German occupation, will not be resumed before Wednesday, as he is not feeling well after being X-rayed on Saturday and Sunday to establish whether he was suffering from a tumour on the brain or a similar disease which might have altered his mental outlook, cables Paul Scott Rankine, Reuter's special correspondent. Spinal tests were also carried out.

It is thought that although well-known doctors and psychiatrists had examined Quisling and declared that he is perfectly sane he might be suffering from some disease which would account for the tremendous difference between the witnesses descriptions of his character in youth and early manhood and his subsequent actions and utterances.

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LATEST COMMERCIAL

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NEW YORK, Aug 27.

Previous Closing	22.52
Today's Opening	22.55
Difference	+03
Today's Closing	22.53
Difference	-01

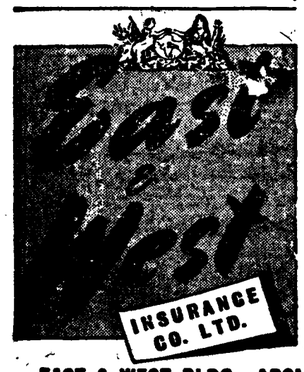
STOP PRESS

30,000 JAPS SURRENDER TO RUSSIANS

MOSCOW, August 27. (Reuter): The Soviet "communique" to-night announced: "In the Far East to-day there were no material changes. Yesterday over 30,000 Japanese surrendered to our troops. The surrender of Japanese formations and units continued".

SOONG TO VISIT LONDON

LONDON, August 27. (Reuter): Dr. T. V. Soong, the Chinese Prime Minister, has accepted an invitation to visit London, but as yet he has not been able to fix the date, says Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.



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GYNEXIFORM SALVE No. 3A: for correcting sagging. Rs. 15/- per jar.

GYNEXIFORM SALVE No. 3B: for reducing Rs. 15/- per jar.

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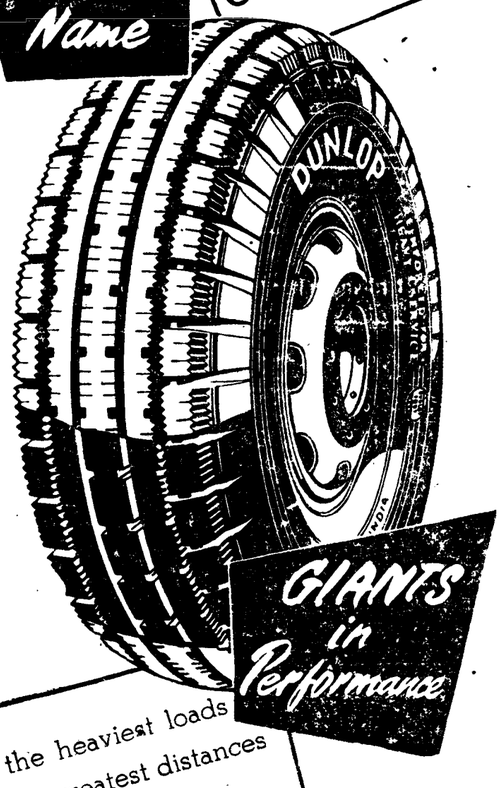

for the heaviest loads over the greatest distances

GIANTS

DK 264

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

By J. C. Maitra

So the Senior Harwood League ended in a magnificent triumph for Tata Sports Club. As I was away from Bombay I missed the exciting struggles in the last stages of the competition. There is no doubt that they fully deserved the honour. It is however their defence which takes the lion's share of the credit. To Thingalaya, their custodian, and Mandon. and Papen full-backs, Tatas mainly owe their laurels. But for their stout and resourceful defensive works their goal account would, have been much heavier against them than it actually has been. The very fact that they had only 8 goals in all against them in the whole series of 14 games tells its own tale!

DESPITE THE WEAKNESS!

Of course the forwards also have their share of the distinction. Had they not scored the goals registered in their favour, it would have been impossible for the winners to secure the advantage they gained over their adversaries. But if they were more thrustful, they might have won by a margin of points instead of goal-average. I wish that this sad failing in the shooting department inherent in all Indian sides could be remedied at an early date. Nevertheless, Jovenano and Co. may be justly proud of their grand achievement.

SUCCESS OF DUAL POLICY

Tatas are the second Indian and third civilian side to claim the Senior League title, the others being the Y. M. C. A. and W.I.A.A. Staff. They play barefooted when the ground conditions are favourable for it and wear boots in the rainy days. The adoption of these dual tactics coupled with their excellent team-work, helped them to get the better of their mighty opponents in the service ranks.

Efforts were made by the W.I.F.A. Committee to put down bare-footed football by not arranging matches between the leading Indian and Service teams during the dry season. That would have obviously given an advantage to the former. It is therefore all the more creditable that despite the handicap placed in their way they emerged out of the fray in a blaze of glory. I hope they will gain further distinctions in the coming months as their Indian predecessors the Automobile men had done in 1941.

R.A.F. FOR SECOND PLACE

The second place was taken up by the Royal Air Force. Although they had equal number of points to their credit, they had a big deficit of goals against them. Even their large stock on the credit side did not compensate for this. Were it not for the fact that most of their star players were shifted from Bombay, they might have easily carried off the championships which has evaded them all the time.

The Embarkation Headquarters, last year's holders, had to be satisfied with the third position. They had built up a mighty combination, with Tommy Walker, the Scottish International, as their presiding genius in the attacking department. His absence from the team, however, made all the difference.

ENGLAND'S SUCCESS IN FIFTH TEST

It is a matter of great credit to Wally Hammond, England's skipper, and his mates that they were able to win the fifth and last test at Manchester by six wickets and save the rubber. It is undoubtedly the bowlers, particularly the new-comer Phillipson and Pollard, who caused the downfall of the Aubstralians. Barring the stout-hearted batting of Miller (77-not out) in the first innings and of Cristofani (110 not out) in the second the visitors performances with the willow was indeed poor.

ABSENCE OF TALL SCORES

Had it not been for the splendid bowling of Cristofani, who bagged 5 wickets for 11 runs a piece in England's initial venture, the home team might have put up a huge total against them. Len Hutton (64) and his Captain (57) paved the way for the success of their side, so far as batting department is concerned. It is however worthy of note that tall scores as were seen in the pre-war engagements were totally absent. It may be due to lack of practice but more must be attributed to the preparation of sporting wickets perhaps unavoidably during the war period.

STUDENT LEADERS DENIED PASSPORTS

A.-I. S. F. Secretary Calls Govt. Action Autocratic

Mr Satyapal Dang, General Secretary of the All-India Students Federation, has issued the following statement to the Press:

We applied to the Government of Bombay for the grant of passport facilities to enable two of our representatives to attend the forthcoming World Youth Conference being organised by the World Youth Council. We have now been informed by the Passport Officer to the Government of Bombay that the Central Government, to whom our case was referred, has refused to grant passport facilities. The Passport Officer has, however, not stated the reasons for this refusal.

The World Youth Council and the various youth organisations affiliated to it have consistently supported India's demand for a National Government.

It is obvious that bureaucratic rulers of India do not like the idea of Indian students joining hands with the youth of the world to strengthen the forces of freedom, peace and progress.

The refusal of the Government to grant us passport facilities is a denial of the elementary right of civil liberties. We strongly protest against the decision of the Government and demand its reversal. We appeal to all sections of public leaders as well as educationists and student organisations to raise their voice against the autocratic action of the Government.

It might be mentioned that the Conference which was originally to be held in London on August 29 had to be postponed because the British authorities in office in July refused to grant visa facilities for the Conference. The World Youth Council then decided to hold the Conference in Paris. The new Secretary of State (Labour Government) however, has now informed the organisers that the July decision has been reversed. The Conference is now being held in London from October 31 to November 9. To date, 57 delegates from different countries have been or are being prepared representing approximately 80 million youths.

SHIAS DEMAND PROTECTION

Hoseinbhoy Lalljee's Cable To Secretary Of State For India

BOMBAY, August 26 (A.P.I.): Mr. Hooseinbhoy A. Lalljee, M.L.A. (Central) has sent a cable to Lord Pethick-Lawrence, Secretary of State for India, urging the British Government to accord to Shia Muslims as an important minority special representation and protection as pledged to be given to important minorities by the Government.

Mr. Lalljee says that the numbers, religious beliefs, the interests and the services of the Shias to the cause of the country and to War Services require due recognition in the administration of the good governance of the country not only at present but very soon in the future when India must be self-governing.

That the Shias numbering 25 millions, of whom more than 75 per cent are literate and which has produced some of the greatest leaders in politics, professions, commerce and industry and other walks of life, should remain suppressed, is, the cables says, not only not in the interest of India but is also a sacrilege of the cause of humanity; and no such example can be found in any part of the world. The proposition now before them, therefore, is to obtain due acknowledgement of their legitimate rights, and safeguards as has been conceded by the Hindus even to their illiterate brethren including the Sikhs, and even to insist upon the British Government to help them to obtain the same and more so when this great principle is now being acknowledged and conceded by the United Nations to all important minorities.

The Shias will not ever remain in their present hopeless plight and they will not agree to accept any constitution that does not vouchsafe to them their legitimate rights.

Mr. Lalljee in his cable says further that the representative conference of Shias to be held in Lucknow in October next to which he has been elected President, will consider the serious position in which the Shias are placed.

Mr. Lalljee had first made this representations to Lord Wavell at New Delhi and a copy was cabled to the Secretary of State for India.

WHY MINISTRIES ON EVE OF ELECTIONS?

League Protest Against Attempt To Put Congress In Power

BOMBAY, August 26. (A.P.I.): A resolution expressing the opinion that "if the Congress ministries are immediately set up, they will utilise all their power and influence at the forthcoming elections ruthlessly and unjustly, and the elections will not be free elections as they ought to be," was passed by the Working Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League to-day.

The resolution stated: "the Working Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League expresses its very grave apprehensions regarding the reports that have appeared in the press recently that the Governors of Hindu majority provinces are willing immediately to entertain the move of the part of the Congress to form ministries, where they happen to be in a majority. If the Congress ministries are immediately set up, they will utilise all their power and influence at the forthcoming elections ruthlessly and unjustly, and the elections will not be free elections, as they ought to be. Further, it will be highly improper on the part of the Bombay Government to allow such ministries to be formed on the eve of the elections, which are to take place in the next few months and it can only be construed as an attempt on the part of the British Government to put the Congress in power to the serious disadvantage of all other parties at a juncture when the various legislatures must necessarily be dissolved.

For these among other reasons, the Working Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League urges upon the British Government, not to adopt this highly wrong and unjust course for which there is no warrant or justification. Mr. Jinnah who was present at the meeting in a short speech appealed to the Muslims to close up their ranks and to show complete solidarity, unity and discipline.

Bijapur Muslims Meet

POONA, August 22.

On the 21st of August Muslims of all parties throughout the Bijapur District assembled on a common platform when they responded to the invitation of Mr. Ahmed Ebrahim Haroon Jaffar, General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Muslim Educational Conference, to a meeting held at the Anjuman-e-Islam Hall. Syed Mustafa Hussein Peerzade Inamdar presided.

Addressing the gathering, Mr. Ahmed Jaffer congratulated leaders and workers of all groups not only from Bijapur proper but also from the surrounding talukas for responding to his invitation for the common good of Muslims. He reminded them that in unity lay strength and the results of the Simla Conference had convinced them that unless they united under the banner of the Muslim League, they would have no future. He referred to the renouncing of titles by the Hindu Mahasabha last week and informed the gathering that the time was coming very near when they would have to do likewise.

He appealed to them to subscribe generously to the Muslim League election Funds.

Mr. Janvekar M.L.A., Mr. Mahomed Abbas, Secretary, Sholapur District Muslim League Mr. Syed Hashamali Inamdar, Salar-e-Suba, Muslim National Guards, Khan Bahadur Shebji Sheb Peerzade Inamdar, Municipal Councillor, and others addressed the gathering supporting the move to work with unity for the uplift of the masses.

WAR RESTRICTIONS ON MOTORISTS

W. I. A. A. President Urges Prompt Removal

The need for the immediate removal of some of the hardships imposed on motorists by wartime restrictions was stressed by Mr. Behram N. Karanjia, President of the Western India Automobile Association, at a Press Conference held on Monday evening.

Referring to the question of increasing the quota of petrol, Mr. Karanjia observed "With the termination of hostilities and the considerable improvement in the shipping position, the import of larger quantities of petrol should present no difficulty, while the reconquest of Burma should further ease the position."

The speaker pointed out that in the United Kingdom and the U.S.A. substantial concessions had been made in this direction immediately after Victory Day, but in India the same gloomy picture prevailed. The motorists cheerfully bore the choking restrictions all the while but now that the war had been won it was unfair to continue these purely emergency measures.

He suggested, that Government should work out a scheme, in consultation with the military authorities, for releasing to civilians the stock of spare parts, tyres and cars which has been built up in anticipation of a prolonged war in the east. He also urged the import of cars, spare parts and tyres, in order to meet the present scarcity.

Mr. Karanjia further pleaded for the lifting or relaxation of other restrictions imposed on motorists on account of the war. He mentioned the controls on the sale and purchase of cars, tyres and spare parts, requisitioning, restrictions on street lighting, the poor condition of the roads and the ban on the use of car radios.

If all goes well the W.I.A.A., will soon launch upon a very ambitious project in order to provide a suitable Club-house to motorists on the lines of the Cricket Club and the Radio Club.

SAFETY OF PEDESTRIANS

Mr. A. S. Trollip answering a question by a journalist said that a scheme for the safety of pedestrians was being formulated. Though it would not come into full play yet, there was no doubt, that at least a hundred years hence Bombay would be an ideal city with this scheme being fully implemented in gradual stages. The scheme envisaged the construction of new type to roads with broad and spacious footpaths, a special cycle track, a slow traffic road for vehicles running at 20 miles an hour and a fast traffic road.

Under this scheme, Government intended to send young Indians to the U. K. and U.S.A., for studying traffic engineering and townplanning.

WADHWAN CAMP.

On Rajkot correspondent wires to say it is understood that Wadhwan Camp will not be handed over to Wadhwan State for an indefinite period.

A number of Officer vacancies exist in the Indian Engineers, Indian Army Ordnance Corps and the Indian Corps of Electrical & Mechanical Engineers. Men who possess qualifications or practical experience as outlined below should apply at once for further particulars.

TECHNICAL QUALIFICATIONS REQUIRED

INDIAN ENGINEERS. Candidates should have passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts or Science, in the first or second division with mathematics and physics, of a recognised Indian University, or hold an engineering degree or diploma, or be an Associate Member of the Institutes of Civil, Mechanical, or Electrical Engineers, of Great Britain; or the Institute of Engineers (India).

INDIAN ARMY ORDNANCE CORPS. Applicants should have a sound business background, preferably having held executive responsibility. Qualifications in Accountancy, Economics, or Science an added advantage. Ordnance stores cover a very wide field and men with knowledge of M.T. Spares, Metals, Timber, Textiles and Chemicals or experience in Manufacturing, Shipping, Packing, etc. can be usefully employed in the I.A.O.C.

INDIAN ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS. Open to men with Engineering or Science degrees of any recognised British or Indian University, or to graduates of the Institutions of Mechanical or Electrical Engineers. Men with adequate practical and administrative Engineering experience with commercial or civil undertakings, are also required.

Any Recruiting Office will supply complete details of vacancies in these Corps.

AAA 415

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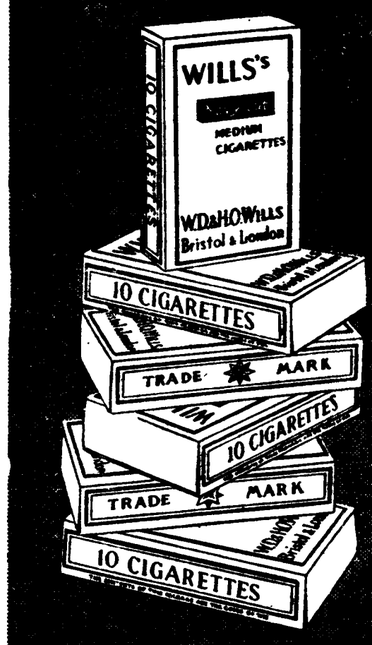

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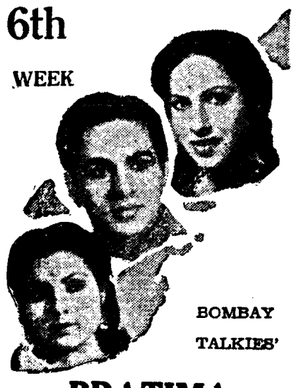

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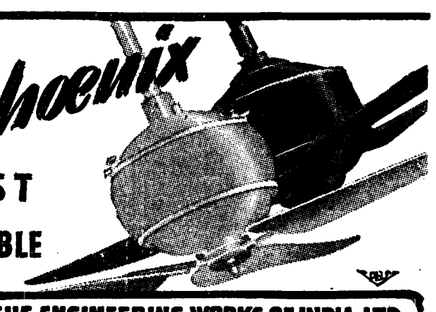

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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 5, 2001.
Muslim: Ramzan 19, 1364.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 29, 1314.
Sunrise: 7-23 a. m., Sunset 7-57 p.m.
Hightide: 4-05, 16-12; Lowtide 9-51, 22-24.

Municipal Improvements Committee 2-30 p. m. (B.T.).

Domestic Occurrence

IN MEMORIAM

GUNVANT KAPADIA—In sad and affectionate remembrance of our brother GUNVANT KAPADIA, who passed away on the 28th day of August, 1939—(Inserted by his brothers).

To-day's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

NATIONAL SEAMEN'S UNION OF INDIA: An extraordinary general meeting today at 4 p. m. (N.S.T.) at Kesar Baug, Dongri, Mr. Mirza A. H. will preside.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE: The Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class will meet at 6-30 p. m. today at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, when Dr. K. S. Mhaskar will deliver a lecture on "Nutrition and Dietetics."

BOMBAY SPIRITUAL CENTRE: There will be a discourse in Hindi on "Vedanta" by Swami Vilasanandji at 6-45 p. m.

B. P. WOMEN'S COUNCIL: Symposium on "Expansion of the work of the Women's Council" today at 5-30 p.m., at the Y.W.C.A. Hall, Mayo Road. Dr. J. M. Kumarappa. Mrs. Jaishriben Raiji and Miss Amy L. Shaeffer will speak, followed by a short musical programme and an "At Home." The function is open to all interested in Social Work. Members are requested to bring their friends along with them.

GATHA SOCIETY: Dastur Framroze A. Bode will expound the Ahunavalti Gatha, Chap. 4 (Yasna Ha 31st) strophes 16 to 18, at the public meeting of the Society today at 6 p. m. (S.T.) at the Cama Oriental Institute Library Hall, 136, Apollo Street, Fort.

YOUTH PARLIAMENT: (1) Public Lecture today (Tuesday) by Miss Ruth Lewis on "Newspapers in America." (2) Tomorrow by Brig. Jehu on "What's News" at Blavatsky Lodge at 6-30 p. m.

G.I.P. RAILWAY ACCOUNTS STAFF UNION: A meeting of the staff of the Accounts Department of the G.I.P. Rly held on the 24th instant passed Resolutions demanding (1) the cancellation of the policy of direct recruitment to intermediate grades, (2) provision of residential quarters to all non-gazetted staff in Bombay, (3) grant of Bombay allowances to those denied at present and (4) confirmation of all temporary staff were passed.

S. P. MUKHERJEE TO SPEAK AT C. J. HALL

Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee, President, the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, will address a mass meeting of the citizens of Bombay today at 6-30 p. m. at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall Fort, Bombay, when he will speak on the present political situation. Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, M.L.A. (Central) will preside.

Under the auspices of the Government Law College Union, Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee will address the Law College students today at 1-10 p. m. (N.S.T.).

Mr. H. P. Mathrani, Superintending Engineer, Northern Sind Circle, has been deputed by the Government of Sind, to visit the United Kingdom and U. S. for negotiating purchase of machinery and equipment needed for the construction of the proposed Barrage in Lower Sind.
—(Photo by M. Sundaresan.)

CHARGED WITH POSSESSING WORKING STILL

BOMBAY, Monday.

Charged with being in possession of 966 gallons of fermanted "wash", and one complete working still collectively valued at Rs: 2,436, Marshall George was arrested in the early hours of this morning by the G. I. P. Railway Preventive Section.

He was placed by Sub-Inspector Gafoor, before Mr. R. Mathelons, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, who released him on bail.

SATARA DETENUS TO BE PRODUCED IN COURT

HIGH COURT ISSUES ORDER IN RESPONSE TO "HABEAS CORPUS" APPLICATION

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha & Mr. Justice Bavdekar).

Motilal Ramchand Kothari ..... Petitioner

vs.

(1) King-Emperor, (2) The Superintendent, Satara Sub-Jail ..... Respondents

This was an application in the nature of "habeas corpus" under Section 491 of the Criminal Procedure Code by the petitioner, an inhabitant of the village of Budh in the Satara District for an order that six inhabitants of that village who had been detained be brought up before the High Court and their detention declared invalid.

The petitioner alleged that these six persons who were personally known to him as respectable businessmen and landholders of the village had been wrongfully arrested on July 6, 1945 under Rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules merely as "hostages" in order to coerce the inhabitants of that village into giving the Police the information they wanted for the purpose of tracing one Bapu Bhau Kachre, an inhabitant of that village and a member of the Indian National Congress who it was alleged had been absconding since 1943.

Their lordships issued a Rule which will come up for hearing on September 3, 1945. The detenus were ordered to be produced in Court at the hearing.

Mr. H. R. Pardiwalla with Mr. B. Y. Padhye appeared for the petitioner.

ALLEGED REFUSAL TO SELL

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha & Mr. Justice Bavdekar).

J. J. Talati ..... Applicant

vs.

King-Emperor ..... Opponent

This was an application in Revision from the conviction and sentence of five days' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 passed by Mr. T. S. Vyas, Presidency Magistrate, on the applicant, a salesman in the John Bull Stores at Crawford Market for having on 7th March 1945 refused to sell Silvikrin Lotion without sufficient cause, under Section 7 of the Hoarding and Profiteering Ordinance. On searching the shop, six bottles of that lotion had been recovered by the Police.

Sanction of the Provincial Government for prosecution under the Ordinance had been granted against both the applicant as well as the proprietress of the stores but the case against the latter was subsequently withdrawn. The petitioner was then charged alone and fresh sanction was subsequently granted after the charge-sheet had been put in. It was contended that the proceedings were therefore void. Their lordships admitted the application which will now come up for hearing in due course. Mr. M. J. Mistree and Mr. K. J. Khandalavala instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla appeared for the applicant.

A.-I. STUDENTS' CONGRESS EXECUTIVE

Mr. Dinkar Sakrikar, the General Secretary of the All-India Students' Congress has issued the following statement to the press:—

"The next meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Students' Congress will be held on 29th and 30th September, 1945 at Patna. Several important decisions regarding a permanent Citizenship College, Volunteer Brigade and other organisational matters will take place in this meeting.

BHOGALE'S CANDIDATURE

A by-election in F (South) Ward No. 14 of the Bombay Municipal Corporation is to be held and the president of the G. K. U. (Red Flag) Mr. R. K. Bhogale is standing as a Communist Party candidate.

B. M. Bhargava Dead

(From Our Correspondent)

BANDRA, Monday.

We regret to announce the sad death of Mr. B. M. Bhargava, B.A., LL.B., M.B.E., J.P., a prominent resident of the Suburbs General Manager of the well-known firm of Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co., on Sunday at 7 p.m., after ailing for about a month from a severe attack of blood pressure.

Mr. Bhargava, has been a J.P., since 1934 and an Honorary Presidency Magistrate since 1935. He has been a member of the Managing Committee of the Indian Merchants Chamber for several years and an Honorary Secretary of the Society of Honorary Presidency Magistrates of Bombay. He served on several other committees prominent amongst which, was as Honorary Secretary of the Santa Cruz Residents' Association. A member of the Managing Committee of the Anandilal Podar High School and a member Governing Body of the Anandilal Education Society. He was an Ex-Municipal Councillor of the Bandra Municipal Board.

His funeral took place on Sunday night at 10. He leaves a widow and four young sons to mourn his loss.

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF POLITICS ECONOMICS & SOCIOLOGY: Political study circle meeting today at Arya Bhuvan, Sandhurst Road at 6-30 p. m.

The Institute has opened two study classes, one on politics and the other on sociology. Prof. Pratapgiri Ramamoorthy of the Wilson College and Dr. M. Vasudeva Moorthy of the Tata Institute of Social Sciences, are conducting the study circles in politics and sociology respectively. Political study circle meets on every Tuesday and that of Sociology on every Thursday at 6-30 p. m. at Arya Bhuvan, Sandhurst Road, (Near Marvadi Vidyalaya) Bombay 4.

Harijans Complain Of Boycott

PANDHARPUR, August 27 (A.P.I.): Harijans of Shetfal, a village in the Sholapur District, have complained to the District Magistrate that they have been victimised with a social boycott by other residents of the village as a result of a local dispute between the communities.

It is stated that the Harijans were asked to do some forced labour during the Ashadhi fair. As some of them refused to do so, they were boycotted, shops refused to sell them anything, and many of them found difficulty in getting work for their living. Inquiries were made by the local police officers and arrangements are now made for the purchase of their requirements. But many of them are still refused any work and they find it difficult to live in the village.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, AUGUST 28.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—8.0 a.m. News (H). 8.15 News (E) 8.30 Saraswati Bai Faterpekar. 8-45 Gottuvadyam. 8-50 News (M) 9.0 News (G). 9-10 Tomorrow. 9.15 Master Iqbal. 9.30 Gujarati Songs. 9-45 K. M. Kulkarni (Poona).

12-30 p.m Songs (M). 12-45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 News (H). 1.0 Selections. 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Lunch-Hour Music. 2-30 Break for Lunch. 4-20 School Broadcast 5.0 Chhotubhai Patel. 5.15 Naraharibuwa Patankar. 5.45 Topical Talk 5.55 Locals. 6.0 For Forces 6-30 News (E). 6-40 News (H). 6.45 Chhotubhai Patel. 7-0 Introducing new Books (M) 7.15 Meenakshi Tresi 7.30 K. M. Kulkarni. 7.45 Saraswati Bai Faterpekar 8-15 News (M). 8.30 News (G) 8.45 Master Iqbal. 9-0 News (H) 9.20 News (E) 9.30 B. B. C. News 9.40 Darbari on Sitar 9.45 Consider your Verdict 10 0 Outpost Concert Series. 10.30 New Talent.

NATIONAL THEATRE SCORES

Interesting Dance-Dramas At Excelsior

"Meera" and "Bhookh" which were presented by the Indian National Theatre at the Excelsior Theatre on Sunday and which attracted a large audience proved to be interesting dance-dramas. The first of them, which represents select episodes from the life of Meerabai, is obviously the product of elaborate preparations, hard work and the experience gained by the artists—Messrs. Avinash Vyas, Yogendra Desai, Bhanu Smart and Goverdhan Panchal during the tour to the places of historical importance undertaken by them. The setting, which are appropiately and artistically designed, are reminiscent of the age to which Meerabai belonged; and so are the costumes.

Every young artiste goes through her or his role—whether it is major or minor—with ease and freedom. Group-dances by girls enliven a few situations in which they are inserted. The dance-drama derives additional strength for the Kathakali dances contributed by Mr. Kunju Nair in the role of "Ranaji." The various dance-sequences are correlated to the songs which are specially composed by Mr. Avinash Vyas. One however, feels that Kathak should have been assigned its legitimate place in the technique of dance-drama.

"Bhookh" which occupies the second part of the programme portray, through the medium of music and suggestive gestures and movements, the horror of famine. If "Meera" represents an ideal, "Bhookh" draws the picture of one of the stern realities of the day. Both will be repeated at the same theatre on Sunday September 2 and 9. The venture of the Indian National Theatre in presenting the two dance-dramas deserves liberal encouragement.

D. G. V.

LEAD PIPES

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GOVERNMENT have made arrangements for the release of lead pipes for civilian use through certain approved dealers in Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Delhi and Lahore whose names can be obtained from Messrs. Waldie Industries Ltd., Calcutta. These dealers will sell lead pipes to *bona fide* consumers, in quantities not exceeding 10 cwts. without a permit. For larger quantities a permit from the Non-ferrous Metals Controller, Calcutta, will be necessary. The prices fixed for lead pipes at different places are:—

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Bombay	¾" to 1¼" "	1721-9-7	0-12-4
"	2" to 6" "	1421-8-0	0-10-2
Madras	¾" to 1¼" "	1714-1-7	0-12-3
"	2" to 6" "	1415-11-2	0-10-2
Delhi	¾" to 1¼" "	1671-8-0	0-11-11
"	2" to 6" "	1383-4-10	0-9-11
Lahore	¾" to 1¼" "	1714-4-10	0-12-3
"	2" to 6" "	1415-14-5	0-10-2

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4.	Caustic Soda Solid (C)	Rs.	18 12 0	" "
5.	Caustic Soda Flake (C)	Rs.	21 8 0	" "
6.	Muriate of Ammonia No. 1 P. W. ...	Rs.	27 4 0	" "
7.	Salamac	Rs.	47 4 0	" "
8.	Voltoids			" "
9.	Bleaching Powder (C)	Rs.	13 6 0	" "
10.	Carbonate of Ammonia	Rs.	44 12 0	" "
11.	Bicarbonate of Ammonia	Rs	38 2 0	" "
12.	Sodium Nitrite (C)	Rs.	26 8 0	" "
13.	Sodium Sulphide	Rs.	19 8 0	" "
14.	Anhydrous Ammonia	Rs	1 7 9	" lb.
15.	Liquid Chlorine (C)	Rs	0 9 6	" "
16.	Acetic Acid	Rs.	0 12 0	" "
17.	Hydrosulphite of Soda (C)	Rs.	80 8 0	" Cwt.
18.	Borax	Rs.	29 15 0	" "
19.	Boric Acid	Rs	53 6 0	" "
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A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

India has been a nation of villages. Unless the villages be free and happy, there can be no freedom. We must build the foundation of self-government on villages.

Dr. Besant.

The Bombay Chronicle

HISTORIC TREATY

Expectations that were entertained after the first announcement of the signing of a Soviet-Chinese Treaty have not proved unfounded. They have been justified by the terms of the Treaty that have now been simultaneously published from Moscow and Chungking. In the actual circumstances there could have been nothing more satisfactory for China and Asia than these terms. For the Treaty is a boon to both. East Asia needs peace in which it can begin its long delayed march to progress. Friendship between the Soviet Union and China which also guarantees friendship with the other Allies was one of the main conditions for a successful start. That condition has now been fulfilled. There are a good many problems still outstanding, for instance, the future of Indo-China, Indo-Nesia and Malaya. They are serious and difficult enough. But the gravest danger to peace and progress was a possible conflict, not necessarily armed, between the Soviet Union and China, which might have also involved the United States. To the removal of that danger the Treaty makes a vital contribution.

For China its value is considerable. Russia has apparently reverted to the old policy in respect of the Manchurian Railways and, though not entirely, in respect of Port Arthur. But China that has suffered prejudice to her interests for generations can afford to wait for three decades. There is this important difference also, namely, that China is recognised and is being treated as a power, sovereign and equal. If goodwill and friendship endure, as we hope they will, the present concessions may quite possibly be ended before the end of the thirty year period. The present solution as regards Port Arthur is welcome for another reason, too. It constitutes an extremely useful pattern and precedent for the solution of, for example, the similar problem of Hong Kong. If the British insist upon their "rights", as they will do even more certainly after the Chinese concession to Russia, the same concession renders impossible any other solution than joint control of Hong Kong for a specified period after which it should go to China. There was another issue which had been causing anxiety, namely, Russian attitude towards the question of Chinese sovereignty over Manchuria. That issue has also been satisfactorily settled with the Soviet Union fully recognising China's rights and pledging to evacuate Manchuria within three months. As to Outer Mongolia, it was lost to China long ago and it is in a sense a handsome gesture on the part of the Soviet Union to suggest the formality of a plebiscite before getting China finally to abandon her claims to Outer Mongolia. Of equal importance is the Russian acknowledgment that Sinkiang is an internal affair of China and Russia has no intention of interfering in it. Those who are not unaware of the troubles that the equivocal position of Sinkiang has been giving all round will not fail to realise the immense value of this definite and final disposal of a serious problem.

It is thus clear that, subject to the concessions already referred to, the Treaty constitutes full and unconditional recognition of the territorial integrity and sovereignty of China. It does even more. It recognises the unity of China under the Central Government at Chungking. This is both a stroke of statesmanship and a great gesture of goodwill by Generalissimo Stalin. So far as it lay in his power he has paved the way, not for the division of China, but for her unification. This, we regard, as his greatest service to an ally. Twice the Communist leader Mao Tse Pung refused Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-Shek's urgent invitation to a discussion at Chunking. He has accepted the third invitation and it is interesting to note that the American Ambassador, Major-General Hurley, has left for Yenan by plane to bring the Communist leader to Chungking. American concern over the problem of Chinese disunity has been well-known. America was also interested in the relations between the Soviet Union and China and it is a safe guess to assume that Dr. Soong, after signing the Treaty at Moscow, flew to Washington in order to discuss and explain it. Generalissimo Stalin's great gesture, supported by American good offices, ought to assist in the restoration of unity between the two Chinese factions. Soviet Russia and the United States have done their part, not only in averting a civil war, but also in ensuring a great future for free and united China. It is now upto Chiang-Kai-Shek and Mao Tse Pung to do the rest in the interest of their country as also of their neighbours in South-East Asia. For, it is not difficult to imagine the extent to which a great China can influence their future destiny.

Stalin's statesmanship and goodwill have not been confined to China alone. The recognition of the independence of Korea is another instance. He has, moreover, agreed that the United States should participate in the occupation of Korea which removes apprehensions in certain quarters and ensures freedom of Koreans from any kind of pressure from any quarter ultimately to choose their own form of sovereign Government. This Treaty has by one stroke cleared the international confusion in East Asia which threatened not only internal conflicts in China but also inter-Allied conflicts involving Russia, China and the United States. At least it has that potential effect. And, therefore, both the Generalissimos are entitled to congratulations by people who care for peace, progress and happiness in East Asia.

Frankly Speaking

Mr. Gadgil's Rejoinder

As was to be expected, Mr. N. V. Gadgil, President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, has issued a statement exposing the Bombay Government's communique on the situation in Satara District as "misleading and full of mis-statements". Mr. Gadgil, it should be noted, speaks from first-hand knowledge of the situation as he has visited the district and studied the situation there very recently. It is most significant that, since his release and his appeal to all Congress workers to work openly and non-violently, there has hardly been any act of sabotage of Government property or of assaulting of Government servants. Here, as elsewhere, Congress work has been thoroughly of a constructive character. Disputes in villages were settled privately so as to minimise the trouble and expense of litigation, crimes such as thefts and illicit distillation of liquor decreased, black markets vanished, sanitation was improved, and, in short, in the words of Mr. Gadgil, "Congress workers had succeeded where the Government had failed".

The Right Way

This was the situation in December 1944. But, Mr. Gadgil points out, "a high official visited the district and "apparently took the view that this was more than he could tolerate" as a result, we are told, the police harassed the people in many villages. Mr. Gadgil says: "The people alleged that women were dishonoured and that mass beating was indulged in." These excesses were exposed by Mr. Gadgil and a batch of journalists who visited the affected area. The excesses seem to have given rise to retaliation. Even in normal times criminality is high in certain parts of the district. It seems to have flared up under provocation, although it is significant, as Mr. Gadgil points out, that none of the allegations made in the Government communique against the Rashtriya Seva Dal or others has been proved in any court of law. In any case it was the duty of the authorities to enlist the co-operation of leaders like Mr. Gadgil in restoring peace and order. Instead he was ordered not to enter the district. And, on the other hand, those who complained about official corruption and police excesses were arrested under the Defence of India Rules but none of them was put up for trial, a disgusting abuse of the Rules. However, it is not yet too late for the authorities to do the right thing, namely to secure the co-operation of recognised leaders like Mr. B. G. Kher and Mr. N. V. Gadgil to restore peace in the district.

Congress Work

All Congress Committees are by now free or expected to be free very soon, and they are rightly desired by the President to resume work straightway, including the enrolement of members and preliminary preparations for the elections. In several places some such work has already been commenced by zealous Congress workers who formed themselves into special interim associations. As the President suggests, all these bodies should now merge in the regular Congress Committees and work should be carried on with full vigour in view of the approaching elections. A special task in this connection is to get the authorities concerned to prepare full up-to-date electoral rolls. And in this task the authorities may be given all the co-operation they need. Even perfect rolls will not do full justice to the people as the present franchise is not wide enough. They should not be allowed to be worse by any neglect on the part of Government or lack of co-operation from the people.

Kenya Indians' Demands

It is not at all surprising to learn that the Indians in Kenya strongly support the resolution of the East African Indian National Congress urging the British Government to send a Royal Commission to Kenya to investigate the political demands and aspirations of the races inhabiting the colony and make recommendations for changes in the Government machinery in line with Britain's obligations towards the people for their common economic, cultural and political advancement. That resolution has also been supported by the Imperial Citizenship Association, Bombay. The constitutional position of Indians in Kenya is extremely unsatisfactory. The non-official members of the legislature are all elected on a racial basis, with grossly unfair discrimination against Indians and the indigenous population. While the Europeans, who number only 25,000, elect 11 members, Indians totalling 75,000, elect only 5. It is no consolation to the Indians that Africans, who number three million, do not elect a single representative. Indians demand a common electoral roll and common franchise for all races. If, however, this is not conceded at present they justly demand that Indian and African membership of the Legislative and Executive Councils should be increased so as to make it commensurate with the strength of their population in relation to the Europeans. Whether a Royal Commission comes to be appointed or not, the Indians should stick to this fair demand and always make common cause with the native population.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

The scale of justice is a sort of trial balance.

★ ★ ★

The perfect man is usually a perfect imperfection.

★ ★ ★

The new woman always departs when the new baby arrives.

★ ★ ★

Most men are just prominent enough to attract people who have gold bricks to dispose of.

★ ★ ★

Nothing pleases a man with a well developed sense of humour so much as setting two chronic bores to boring each other.

★ ★ ★

If a girl is on the shady side of 40 and men turn to look at her it's a sign that some of her paraphernalia is showing that shouldn't.

Rail-road Coordination Scheme

Mr. T. T. Kothawalla, who is the chief sponsor of the rail-road coordination scheme in our Province is now on his canvassing tour for the support of the Scheme in various zones. It is highly regretted that an officer of the status of Mr. Kothawalla, should condescend to make erroneous statements to the press.

Mr. Kothawalla in company with railway officers is strenously canvassing from town to town and persuading illiterate and/or unwary operators to follow him blindly. Mr. Kothawalla has too many admirers in the new transport world which he has created after his acceptance of the office of P. M. T. C. Bombay.

The old operators who have particularly been suffering for the hardship of the present administration are now being fooled by the Government of Bombay with rail-road co-ordination scheme which provides 25 per cent. share to old operators. The old operator has to surrender his vehicle to the Government at such price that the R. T. O. may fix. The poor operator will have no voice in the administration policy of control of the proposed Company and shall have to depend on the good will of the Government. The dividend it is believed would not exceed 6 per cent per annum and thus on a vehicle which may be assessed at Rs. 3,000 at the most would yield a profit of Rs. 180 a year; viz. Rs. 15 a month.

May we know how the operator is going to make a living after parting with the vehicle?

This is nothing but slow-poisoning for the operator and his family. Let the operators consider the pros and cons of the scheme and not to be influenced by the personality of Mr. Kothawalla.

JAGINDESSINGH DHARSINGH.
BUTTASINGH.
JALA KHAN.
PRITHWIRAJ
AMIR KHAN ALI KHAN.

Problems Of Peace

How India's Constitution Is To Be Made

(By K. T. SHAH)
II

In the following, the second of a series of articles on Problems of Peace, Mr. K. T. Shah, the well-known economist and Secretary of the National Planning Committee deals with the most important problem facing, namely, the problem of a suitable constitution.

The most important single problem for India, on the end of the War, is that of a suitable constitution for the governance of the country. It is complicated by many factors, not the least of which is the lack of agreement among the people as to the nature and form of the consitution, and the consequent divergence in regard to the very fundamentals of such a constitution. Except in the totalitarian dictatorships, absolute unity of opinion in a large country like ours is as undesirable as it is impossible. The very fact that there are different interests and ideals militates against such unity. Even admitting, however, the existence of variety in political beliefs, a certain community of basic ideals and purposes is indispensable.

The outstanding question on this basis is: Who shall make such a constitution; how it shall be fashioned; and by what authority it would be promulgated and put into operation? These questions intimately bound up with the main issue. We cannot, in this series, pretend to be answering all these questions in full detail; nor examine all their implications, consequences or ramifications. But the the most salient points may be considered; and such consideration as is imperatively needed to solve the immediate problem confronting us must be devoted to it.

Demand For Partition

As stated already, the problem is complicated by many factors. The most considerable complications are: the demand for partition on communal lines; the place and future of the Indian States in the scheme of our national constitution; definition of the fundamental rights of citizens and their obligations; the reconciliation of the diverging claims of local patriotism as against national loyalty and the like. We shall devote a separate number in this series, very briefly to outline the place and future of the States, their rulers and peopies in the new dispensation. The problem of the devolution of the rights and liabilities under the treaties between the States, or their rulers, and the Paramount Power, the British Government in India, will be incidentally examined.

States And Provinces

Here, however, it is necessary to add that, even apart from the demands of the Indian States, the form of the future constitution of India must be federal, probably with all the undistributed, or undefined, powers of government,—the socalled "residuary powers", being vested in the units, rather than in central federal, or national, authority. Similarly, also, whatever may be the future of the individual sovereignty of each State, the various organs of the sovereign authority within each State, like India, will have to be properly divided and destributed. Each of these organs or aspects of the State in action,—legislature, the executive and the judicial authority,—should be supreme and sovereign in its own allotted field. This two-fold division of powers and functions the units, and between the various organs of government, ought to ensure all necessary and legitimate regard being paid to the demands of local autonomy and central cohesion or co-ordination, to democratic deliberation and executive efficiency.

Problem Of Minorities And Guaranteed Rights

Subject to this division of functions, and distribution of sovereign authority, as between the federation and the units, it is clear the form of Government of India after the British have retired from the field, will have to be federal; and that irrespective of the decision whether the country remains on integral unit as today; or divided and partitioned on the lines suggested by the Muslim League. The suggestion, however, for partition will, it must be added even if accepted and carried out, not finally dispose of the problem of religious minorities in India, whether the country is partitioned or integral. Communal minorities will remain in the partioned units.—if partition comes, as well as in the units remaining federated after partition has taken effect. The only solution of that problem lies in a clear definition, guarantee, and assurance of the rights and responsibilities of citizens as well as of communities, both in their material and cultural interests. To make the guarantee real, and assurance effective, it may be advisable to have some outside authority, like the United Nations Organisation, or its Economic and Social Council endorsing those guarantees.

Constituent Assembly

Subject to this limitation, the new constitution for future India must be prepared by representatives of the Indian people themselves. How are these constitution-makers to be chosen? And what would be the precise nature of the task assigned to them, is the next problem? If the framing of the new constitution is to be expedited, and India's onward march is to be resumed at as early a date as possible, we have not much time to lose on discussing the manner and method of choosing the Constituent Assembly. Elections to the Provincial Assemblies, on the franchise provided for in the Act of 1935, have already been ordered. And though that franchise is not as wide as one might desire; though it represents probably no more than one-fifth of the adult population of the country, for want of a better, it may serve the turn. Elected members of the Provincial and Central Assemblies, —perhaps also those of the Legislative Councils and the Council of State—may well be taken to represent the general population, and all the interests communities of the country.

National Convention—Called By The Viceroy?

The Constituent Assembly of the nation, thus constituted, will have to be convened by some central authority, the executive head of the State. Under existing circumstances, perhaps the Viceroy would be about as suitable for the purpose as any one else, though his acting in that capacity is not to be taken to prejudice the right of the country under the new constitution to elect or select its own Head of the State,—as distinguished from the Head of the country's Government.

Reference And Procedure

The convener will, of course, set out the conditions and limitations under which the Constituent Assembly would have to function, and the objective to be attained. That body may be left to elect its own Chairman to guide its deliberations, and make rules to regulate its own procedure. The constitution framed in this manner will next have to be put into operation. That cannot be done satisfactorily, except on the approval of the entire adult population, or rather by a stated majority of it, say 2/3. The acceptance of the Constitution may be by individual citizens, as well as by states and provinces; and a predetermined majority of either may be required as validly adopting the constitution.

Constitution

Care must be taken at the time of framing the constitution that it must be as elastic as the nature of the case would permit, as flexible and readily adjustable to the changing conditions of the new age as can be managed. Necessarily it will be a written document, not admitting of much elasticity. Nevertheless room may be left, even in the written instrument to make suitable amendments from time to time without dislocating the machinery of government in the process. In the population called upon to endorse the work of their representatives, the people of the States will have also to be included. If the Constitution is to apply to the whole of the country. We may take it to be an indispensable preliminary that arrangements will be made to the satisfaction of all concerned for the assimilation of the States in the framework of India's new mould for government. On that assumption, measures may also be taken to associate the representatives of the Indian States peoples in framing the Constitution, as well as in its final acceptance when framed.

This is on the assumption of a Constitution for the country remaining entire and undivided. In case the idea of partition is agreed to, the same procedure may serve for the sending units, and unit being welded into a Federation of their own if they so desire. Between the two States of Hindustan and Pakistan, there may be treaty to regulate this mutual relations, and even to manage their communal concerns.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

"Indian Seamen Must Get Part Of War Reparations Money"

Aftab Ali Threatens Direct Action If Shipowners Do Not Increase Wages

BOMBAY, Monday.

"There will be a trial of strength between shipowners and seamen if the latters' demands are not conceded", said Mr. Aftab Ali, M.L.A. (Bengal), President of the All-India Seamen's Federation at a Press Conference at the Servants of India Society Hall today. He compared the wages of seamen of other nationalities with those of Indian seamen and said that whereas the Chinese fireman was getting Rs. 185 and the British Rs. 160, the Indian fireman was getting only Rs. 46. That position continued till 1943 and only in 1944 the Indian seaman got Rs. 92.

Mr. Aftab Ali outlined three main demands of the Indian seamen:

"The present wages of seamen, two-fifth of which are deemed by owners as being the basic and the remainder as the war wages, should be considered as the basic wage and in addition an increase should be allowed consistent with the cost of living.

"Secondly, the system of indirect recruitment which is in operation in the Port of Bombay should be abolished and substituted by the open muster system which is in force in the port of Calcutta.

"The third demand is that they should get at the end of the war a due share of the reparations money collected from enemy countries."

Mr. Aftab Ali said that he had made representations to the Government of India recently pointing out the grave consequences which would follow if the shipowners decided to cut the wartime wages of seamen. The system of indirect recruitment as was in vogue in Bombay port, he said, had been responsible for corruption and bribery.

He calculated the amount of bribes paid by seamen seeking recruitment at not less than Rs. 20,00,-000 in the port of Bombay alone.

As regards the third demand, Mr. Aftab Ali said that at the end of the last war large sums of money were collected by the British Government from Germany a part of which was paid to British seamen. Indian seamen who had also contributed to the war effort were not paid anything. But this time, he said, Indian seamen were determined to see that they got their share of the reparations money. If the shipowners get a share of it for their losses, the seamen, Mr. Aftab Ali maintained, also should get their share for loss of their lives.

If these demands were not conceded concluded Mr. Aftab Ali, seamen would be forced to take direct action and the Federation of Indian Seamen would stand by the workers.

GREATER BOMBAY LAWS COME INTO FORCE FROM OCTOBER 1

The Government of Bombay has directed that the Greater Bombay Laws and the Bombay High Court (Declaration of Limits) Act (1945) is to come into force on October 1.

This Act extends the jurisdiction of the Bombay City Police certain areas of the Bombay Suburban District in order to permit more effective control over increasing criminal activities in those areas; and extends the limits of the ordinary original civil jurisdiction of the Bombay High Court and certain City laws to the suburban areas.

30,000 AUSTRALIAN WORKERS TO BE RETRENCHED

MELBOURNE, August 27, (A. P A.): At least 30,000 workers will be dismissed in reducing the Australian aircraft industry to peacetime basis, Mr. John Storey, Director of the Beaufort Division of the Department of Aircraft Production predicted to-day. He added, however, that about 10,000 would find employment in the permanent aircraft industry.

TEXTILE WORKERS GAINED NOTHING DURING WAR

Nanda Says It Is Unimaginable To Suspend Allowance When High Price Level Still Persists

Proceedings in connection with the demand of the Ahmedabad textile workers for payment of dearness allowance after August 8, 1945, that is, three months after the termination of the European war, were conducted before the Full Bench of the Industrial Court. It may be recalled that since employers had disagreed, the matter was referred to the arbitration of the Industrial Court. Written statements were filed by the parties before the proceedings commenced.

Sjts. Gulzari Lal Nanda and Khandubhai Desai, Secretaries of the Textile Labour Association, appeared on behalf of the applicants, and Mr. Motilal Setalwad appeared for the Millowners' Association, Ahmedabad. The Government of the Province of Bombay was represented by Mr. Laycock of Messrs. Little & Co.

Sjt. Nanda narrating the historical background of the case narrated the facts how after the outbreak of the War in 1939, when workers found it difficult to maintain their standard, they asked for an allowance adequate to neutralize the rise in prices. Since efforts before the Special Conciliator failed, workers had then prepared for a strike. Last minutes efforts, however, brought about an agreement to refer the dispute to arbitration of the Industrial Court. The Court made an Award in April 1940 awarding 66 per cent. of the total rise in prices, linking it up the Working Class of Living Index. In 1941, Sjt. Nanda explained, the award of the Court was revised by an Agreement between the parties on the ground that there was an improvement in the condition of the industry. As a result of this, workers in Ahmedabad mills received 96.6 per cent of the rise in the cost of living from July 1941 to August 1945, when the Award terminated as per agreement between the parties.

WORKERS GAINED NOTHING

Justifying the present claim of the workers, Sjt. Nanda submitted to the Court, that whereas the condition of the industry was very good and profits were abnormal, workers had gained nothing during the war years, since the dearness merely neutralized the rise in the cost of living. Replying to the objection by the employers that workers had no right to make a demand after termination of the Award by the Court, Sjt. Nanda explained that parties had definitely provided for a period of three months to switch over to alternative arrangements after close of the war, and it was unimaginable that workers be paid no allowance even with the price level remaining so high.

Sjt. Setalvad on behalf of the millowners raised legal objections and submitted to the Court that "dearness allowance" not being "wages", the Court could not make an Award on it, since the Industrial Court can only arbitrate on industrial matters. Discussing the merits of the demand, he suggested that there were no basic principles on which the Court could make an Award, and therefore it was improper to compel employers to pay a particular amount. He laid great emphasis on the competitive disadvantage to Ahmedabad where employers had to pay during last four years thirteen crores of rupees more than in Bombay, as wages, due to the higher rate, and the amount of dearness allowance. He also stated that in the matter of fuel and stores, manufacturing costs were much less in Bombay than in Ahmedabad. When the Court asked for relative figures he had, however, to admit that no exact information for Bombay was available. He submitted that prices of machinery have gone high and Ahmedabad mills not having sufficient surplus funds would suffer in competition, since it would not be able to renovate machinery whereas Bombay would be able to do so.

Mr. Laycock on behalf of Government of Bombay submitted to the Court that "dearness allowance" was held to be an 'industrial matter' and the reference to arbitration was proper.

UNJUST

Answering the arguments of the millowners, Sjt. Nanda stated that profits in Ahmedabad as revealed by last year's balance-sheets were about 13 crores for 43 mills, and even after paying what the workers had asked for, it would leave a sufficient margin for dividends and reserves. The Ahmedabad mills had sufficient reserves to purchase new machinery (6 crores liquid assets for 43 mills) when the occasion arose. For the present, new machinery could not be imported and only on a supposition that machinery prices would not fall, it was highly unjust to deprive workers of their full legitimate claim. He submitted to the Court that if the Bombay workers were paid less than in Ahmedabad, the proper thing to do was to raise the standard in Bombay, but not to reduce Ahmedabad to the Bombay level. He also warned the Bombay millowners against their policy of not paying workers at a just standard, which would bring them into trouble later on.

Referring to observations by Mr Setalvad about exclusion of contract labour from the Award, Sjt. Nanda submitted that since contract worker were employees, they were entitled to receive the allowance; in the alternative, they would be justified in going on a strike and demanding the abolition of the contract system. He also submitted that all clerks and jobbers receiving upto Rs. 300 per month should be paid dearness allowance.

Proceedings in the Industrial Court were concluded on Friday, August 24 and the orders were reserved.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

The U. S. Ambassador to China General Patrick Hurley, left for Yenan by plane to-day to bring the Chinese Communist leader, Mao Tse Tung, to Chungking for conference with Generalisssimo Chiang-kai-Shek.

★ ★ ★

According to a New Delhi report, the Defence of India Act will remain in force for at least 18 months more.

We may, therefore, regard it as authoritative that the War, which is already over, will continue for another 18 months at least.

★ ★ ★

We understand that our railway planners are going to undertake construction of lines for economic development of India even where such services are likely to be run initially at a loss.

We shall take the new routes even though it may involve doubling the given distances and thus travel instead of being shipped.

★ ★ ★

The Working Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League (Mr. Jinnah present) has demanded of Government not to allow Congress Ministries to be set up because "they will utilise all their power and influence at the forthcoming elections ruthlessly and unjustly."

The Muslim League Ministries are, however, quite all right, aren't they?

★ ★ ★

Mr. Abdul Qaiyum the new convert has explained at Lahore why he joined the Muslim League.

Having read him with great care and sympathy we hope his next effort will be more clear and less self-contradictory.

★ ★ ★

By the way, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum is profoundly annoyed with the Punjab Unionists who are a reactionary body and who sent thousands of Congressmen to jail.

Of course Sir Ghulam Husain Hidayatullah and Sir Md. Saadullah and also Sir Nazimuddin and Sardar Aurangzeb Khan have all proved vastly different from Malik Khizr Hayat.

★ ★ ★

INDIANS FREE AGAIN IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA.

—Headline.

Steady Don't get excited. It's nothing to do with politics but with the liberation of Indians who were in Jap-occupied regions.

★ ★ ★

The 30-year Treaty of Friendship between the Soviet Union and China has now been made public. But we are not saying anything about it until—what? After thirty years? Don't be silly.

What we mean is that we reserve the formulation of our personal opinion until we have got the views of Moscow, Yenan and Chungking.

★ ★ ★

The Moscow Radio warning against the plans of the Jap War Lords calls upon the great powers "to disarm not only the Japanese themselves but their Far Eastern Quislings as well".

Who could they be—now?

Reception To Indian Journalists

LONDON, August 27 (U.P.I.): In the Finsbury Town Hall three visiting Indian journalists—Dr. Lokanathan, Editor, "The Eastern Economist", Mr. B. Shivarao of the "Hindu", and Mr. Durvadas of the "Hindustan Times", were given a reception by the India League last evening.

Mr. Shivarao in a speech on the occasion narrated his experiences at the San Francisco Conference and said: "The Labour Government can do without any difficulty at least one thing. They can appoint an Indian Ambassador to Washington. I can say after my many talks with High Officials in the State Department that they would welcome such appointment."

Dr. Lokanathan said: "My experience both here and in America has been most disappointing. Indian news simply does not get in the newspapers." He suggested that India should organise her own public relations service and thus try to push the Indian news and views in the world press."

FREE OF INCOME-TAX

NEW DELHI, August 27. (U.P.I.): It is announced that war gratuities payable to the service personel will not be subject to British or Indian income-tax and on Indian legislation which is already being prepared.

JINNAH LEAVING FOR KARACHI TODAY

BOMBAY, Monday. (A.P.I.): Mr M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, is leaving Bombay by air for Karachi tomorrow.

"BERNADETTE" AUTHOR DEAD

BEVERLEY HILLS, CALIFORNIA, August 27. (Reuter): Mr Franz Werfel, the famous Austrian writer and author of "The Song of Bernadette", died suddenly at his home here.

CALCUTTA, August 27. (A.P.I.) There were 25 admissions and four deaths of sick destitutes in Calcutta hospitals in the last two days, states an official Press Note

NO BARGAINING FOR SEATS

Jawahar Explains Congress Attitude To Election

CALL TO PEOPLE TO CARRY MESSAGE OF FREEDOM TO EVERY HOME

LAHORE, August 27. (A.P.I.): A pointed reference to the coming general elections in India was made by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru at a press conference in Lahore to-day. He said that presumably the Congress would take part in these elections, and it would then naturally do so with all its strength and prestige.

Referring to the expected British declaration, Pandit Nehru saidfi "The Wavell Plan was only a temporary war-time expedient. Whatever now will come will be for a permanent solution. Maybe, it may be accepted or may not be accepted".

NO COMPROMISE

Pandit Jawaharlal said: "There is much talk of the coming elections to the Assemblies, but it must be remembered that elections as such have no great significance for the Congress. They, as everything else, have to be judged in the larger context of India's Independence and in this context we may take the elections in our stride, but always keeping in mind the principal objective, that is Independence.

"Presumably, the Congress will take full part in these elections and if so it will naturally do so with all its strength and prestige. I have no doubt that it will succeed all over India.

We shall stand on our own feet for our own principles, ideals and objectives and not tone them down for anyone else. We will no doubt cooperate with those who stand for these principles and objectives, but there is going to be no effort to win a few seats here and there at the cost of our ideals."

ELECTION AND CONGRESS

The United Press of India adds: "To avoid confusing factors which elections often bring, I would suggest that when and if elections come it should be the task of the separate boards specially constituted for the purpose, and thus it should not interfere with the normal work by the Congress Committees."

Replying to a question whether the Congress should organise the Kisans and workers Pandit Nehru said that they had special problems of their own which needed separate organisations like the Trade Union and the Kisan Sabha.

Answering another question Pandit Nehru said: "The August Resolution stands except for the clause dealing with the possible civil disobedience which has no application."

REQUEST TO GOVTS.

A request to all Provincial Governments, including the Punjab Government, to remove all the remaining bans on organisations or individuals and to release all prisoners, detenus and others, was made by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in an interview to the "Associated Press of India" today.

Pandit Nehru referred to his Punjab visit and said: "I feel overwhelmed by the love and affection shown to me by such vast numbers of men and women. Yet I realise that this is not for me, but rather for some vague symbol in their hearts with which they have associated me. To that symbol and cause of India's freedom, let us all devote ourselves, forgetting our petty squabbles and rising above party and personal rivalry.

BECOME ACTIVE WORKERS

"It is not enough to come to meetings and to shout slogans. Let all become active workers and members of the Congress, from committees in every village, and in every town and carry the Congress message of freedom—a message of both political and economic freedom—to every home both in the village and city.

Congress membership rolls should immediately be opened in all provinces, now that the ban has been or is being removed against the Congress.

Of the Provincial Governments, I would request that all the remaining bans be removed on organisations or individuals and all prisoners, detenus and others, be released."

WORK FOR FREE INDIA

Speaking of the Punjab and her people, Pandit Nehru said: "The Punjab is a splendid province, full of vitality and generous impulses. Unfortunately much of this vitality has gone into wrong channels. Let it now be diverted into the straight course of national freedom and unity, rising above sectarian and party differences. All of us who have the honour and privilege of being Indians must keep that honour bright and untarnished, thinking ever of the larger issues before the country and the world and working with all our might and mind for a True and Free India where the curse of poverty has ceased to exist."

TRIBUTE TO PEOPLE

Pandit Jawaharlal mentioning his present visit to the Punjab said: 'I should like to thank the people of Lahore for the magnificent demonstrations at the two public meetings yesterday and day before. I do not remember having seen such a vast gathering at any previous meeting anywhere as on the night of 25th August. In spite of the breakdown of the microphone and loudspeakers and although it was dark, the huge crowd numering lakhs behaved with exemplary patience. It is very easy for such a crowd to go out of hand or to be reduced into a state of complete disorder. Nevertheless, it maintained order generally and I shall long remember the final stages of this meeting when I addressed them directly at midnight. Yesterday's meeting held at four or five hour's notice again attracted about a hundred thousand persons. Arrangements were perfect and the behaviour of this gathering was exemplary."

MUSLIMS AND SIKHS MEET NEHRU

A deputation of the Nationalist Muslims, headed by Maulana Dawood Ghaznavi, a veteran Congress leader of the Punjab, met Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru this morning. Among the deputationists was Al Mufti Ziaul Hassan, member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim Majlis.

After the meeting Pandit Nehru received a deputation of forty Muslim young men who announced the other day their decision to join the Congress.

A deputation of the All-India Sikh League and the Central Sikh Youth League also met the Pandit and discussed with him the Sikh politics and measures to popularise the Congress ideals among the Sikhs. It is understood that the deputation which consisted of various Sikh leaders expressed its wish to join hands with the Congress in the forthcoming general elections.

JAWAHAR AND COMMUNISTS

LAHORE, August 27. A.P.I.): Addressing about 2,000 Congress workers here on August 25 Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, replying to question, said that the decision regarding Communists was expected to be taken by the Congress Working Committee when it meets in about three weeks' time.

Communists, he said, could not be taken on the executive bodies of Congress organisations.

NEHRU FOR DELHI

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will leave to-night for Delhi, from where he will proceed to Allahabad on August 30.

Third Syrian Cabinet In Eleven Months

DAMASCUS, August 27 (Reuter): A new Syrian Cabinet, the third in 11 months, has been formed after a 5-day ministerial crisis. It will meet the Chamber of Deputies tomorrow.

All the Ministers are representatives of the Parliamentary Bloc of Nationalists and Independents.

The Cabinet consists of M. Fers Khoury as Prime Minister and M. Loutfi Haffern as Minister of Interior.

Terrorists' "Rule Of Fear" In Satara

Govt. Say They Are Taking Firm Action To Free People From Atrocities

BOMBAY, August 27. (A.P.I.): A grim threat heads a Marathi leaflet pasted up by the terrorists in the Satara District, says a Press Note issued to-day by the Government of Bombay.

"The person who tears this bulletin", the leaflet says, "will be fined Rs. 2,000 and his one hand and leg will be chopped off".

Brutal cruelties of this type have been inflicted by the terrorists for actions little more serious than the tearing down of a poster. They have attempted to establish a rule of fear, and it is to free the people from their atrocities that the Government of Bombay is taking firm action in the affected parts of the district.

Narayan Anant Deshpande, of Walwa, was maimed for life simply for having given a ride in his cart to a Police Sub-Inspector who was travelling along the same road after making inquiries in another case of mutilation. As Deshpande was returning home, he was set upon by six men and accused of helping the police. His right hand was chopped off with an axe and his left foot was severely injured.

Two men of Pare each lost his left leg and a third was bastinadoed as a result of disobedience of absconders' instructions. On April 21 last Krishna Tatya and Laxman Chandru Mang were going back to the village when three men demanded to know why they had left it in spite of warnings not to do so without informing them. The questioners apparently suspected that the Mangs had been to give information to the police and began to beat them. Bhanu Mang, who was grazing some sheep nearby, was also beaten but retaliated and struck one of attackers with an axe.

A little later all three Mangs were overpowered in their homes and carried out of the village. Bhanu and Krishna each had a leg cut off with axes and Laxman was bastinadoed.

At Dudhari, on the night of January 13, a gang climbed over the wall into the house of Sitaram Tatyaji Patel, whom they suspected of being a police informant. Disregarding the cries and entreaties of his wife, they dragged him outside the village, cut off his nose and hacked his legs. The injuries were so severe that he died.

Besides attacking those whom they know to be opposed to them or whom they suspect to be helping the authorities, the terrorists inflict punishment on those who refuse to abide by the decisions of their so-called "courts". For example, Vithoba Laxman Chambhar and Shankar Bala Chambhar, of Kumbhargaon, were bastinadoed for refusing to accept an adverse "decision" in a land dispute.

Attempts are being made to force people to take their disputes to the gangsters' "courts" instead of the regular courts. On August 2, at Songaon, a man was whipped and told he must withdraw a case which he had lodged in the Satara Magistrate's court.

Nation Wide Tribute To sSubhas

(Continued from Page 1)

on account of the death of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose. All the principal markets including the Bullion market, cloth market, grain market and iron market remained closed. A number of factories did not work and several hundred students abstained from attending their classes.

IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, August 27. (U.P.I.): Subhas Day was observed today with due solemnity in the city. The Congress flag was hoisted halfmast over the office of the Bengal Provincial Students' Congress where later a condolence meeting was held.

Students of schools, colleges and post-graduate classes of the Calcutta University abstained from their classes.

A students' procession paraded the streets and later they held a meeting under the joint auspices of the Bengal Provincial Students' Congress and the Bangiya Pradeshi Chhatra Sangha in the College Street Market, says the "Associated Press of India". One minute silence was observed as a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. Bose.

The meeting adopted a resolution expressing its gravest sense of loss at the reported death of Mr. Bose, "a great Indian leader and patriot."

At a Sikh 'Diwan' held under the auspices of Sri Guru Singh Sabha Calcutta, a resolution was adopted expressing sorrow at the death of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, says the "United Press of India".

IN DACCA

DACCA, August 27. (A.P.I.): A large number of students of the Dacca University and some other institutions did not attend their classes today as a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

Later, University students held a meeting at which a condolence resolution was passed.

The Dacca Bar Association also mourned the death of Mr. Bose and passed a resolution urging the release of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose.

IN SURAT

SURAT, August 27. (A.P.I.): Subhas Day was observed in the city today. Most of the shops in the city remained closed. Students abstained from classes in local educational institutions.

IN MALKAPUR

MALKAPUR, August 27. (U.P.I.): Malkapur observed complete hartal yesterday in memory of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose. At a public meeting held under the presidentship of Mr. Meetkar, pleader, a resolution condoling the death of Mr. Bose was passed.

Prof. Ranga on Subhas' Mission

NEW DELHI, August 27 (O.P.I.)

"Like Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel, Sjt. Subhas Bose was one of those men who devoted every moment of their life and every bit of their thought to furthering the cause of their Motherland, said Prof. N. G. Ranga presiding over a crowded meeting here.

"Irrespective of British opinion Sjt Subhas Bose was one of the bravest sons India has had the pride to produce. Though we might not agree with him, his courage and perseverance were proof enough of his greatness and we have to fulfil the mission of setting India free which he had started.

SOVIET AIMS EXPOSED

He condemned in unequivocal terms the allegation of the "Red Star" characterising Bose as a traitor and an enemy agent and asserted that it was humanity's misfortune that Russia, which claimed to be the champion of the weaker and the under privileged nations, should have, instead of helping them criticised and insulted our national leaders.

Referring to the news item published by the "Red Star" on the eve of the August Resolution that Gandhiji's influence was weakening, Prof. Ranga said that the motive behind this was that Russia and Communists think that when the influence of the Congress and Gandhiji is completely wiped out they will be able to dominate India. "Let Russia and Britain beware," continued Prof. Ranga. "India's freedom is in sight. Let us work so that Gandhiji's dream may come true during his lifetime.

"I warn the Labour Government to keep men of the National Liberation Army safe where they are till a pupular Indian National Government is established in India, because no Indian thinks of them as traitors."

He appealed for the immediate release of Sjt. Jai Prakash Narain, leader of the Congress Socialist Party and Sarat Bose, Mukundlal Sarkar and others of the Forward Bloc as the emergency due to war had ended.

P. C. Joshi Demands Release Of Bose's Followers

BOMBAY, August 27 (UPI): Mr. P. C. Joshi, General Secretary of the Communist Party of India, has issued the following statement:—

"Subhas Bose is dead. Some however doubt if the news is correct.

"It is of course the British overlordship of our country that creates a Bose. But much worse has happened. The severity of post-August repression and the continued denial of power to the people has to-day led a great majority of our political leaders and the press to glorify Bose as a patriot and martyr, some of course qualify by stating that he was misguided.

"To think only of his motives and forget the pro-Fascist policy that he pursued is to loose the confidence and respect of the democratic elements abroad for the Indian freedom movement and train the rising generation of Indian youth in the belief that Indian freedom cannot be won except through an alliance with rival imperialism.

"Our differences with Bose and his Forward Bloc have been political and we have fought with political weapons despite their use of slanders and daggers against us. But we are against foreign Government keeping them in prison. We demand and support the campaign for the release of his followers. We want them to put their policy before the people and face their verdict. We will judge them anew by the new policy they formulate in the new situation. We are prepared to forget a lot because of British domination over our country. If they formulate a policy that will help our suffering people and enslaved country we will welcome them. If they pursue a policy that looks to any Imperialist power for support, divides our patriots or helps the hoarders, we will doggedly oppose them."

Dr. Pattabhi's Tribute

MASULIPATAM, Aug 26 (A.P.I.)

All markets remained closed today in Masulipatam in memory of the late Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

Dr. Pattabhi Seetharamayya, commenting on Mr Bose's death, said: "The news of Subhas Babu's death is stunning That he chose his own way of working out the emancipation of India endeared him none the less to his colleagues of the Congress despite their clear differences with him. His position after the conclusion of the war became a matter of anxious enquiry all round. If he is dead this anxiety is submerged by the flooding of sorrow that overcomes the country. If he is alive the halo around this mystic will only become deeper and brighter."

Indian Mind And The West

Dr. Bhabha Pleads For Equal Opportunity

BOMBAY, Monday.

The view that given proper education and facilities for work, the Indian mind was perfectly capable of keeping pace with other scientifically advanced countries of the West was expressed by Doctor Homi Bhabha, the well-known Indian physicist, in an address on "Atomic Energy" before the Bombay Branch of the Indian Council of World Affairs, Sir H. P. Mody presiding.

Dr. Bhabha, who has done and is doing extremely important and useful work in atomic physics, with particular reference to cosmic rays, led his talk on to the question of the exploitation of nuclear energy which could be used either as a weapon for warfare or a limitless reservoir for industrial purposes.

Calling attention to the fact that the release of nuclear energy for practical purposes in the shape of the atom bomb had come so soon because of the large sum of 500 million dollars spent during the last three years on its manufacture, Dr. Bhabha pointed out that even this large sum was merely the normal expenditure of ten days of war; and by shortening the war by several months it had saved vast sums of money and millions of precious lives.

RESEARCH EXPENDITURE

He mentioned that as a result of the success of the atomic bomb the University of Chicago had decided to found two new institutes for fundamental and developmental work on nuclear physics. If science and industry in India were to keep abreast of what is happening in other countries they would have to spend very much larger sums than they were doing at the moment. This age demanded that we should think of scientific research in terms of crores and not of lakhs.

A new outlook was required in the minds of the public, Dr. Bhabha added. "It should no longer be enough for us to say to-day that some scientific or industrial effort in this country is as good or almost as good as that in some other country. We should aim at doing things which are in advance of what has been done elsewhere. Given proper education and facilities for work, the Indian mind is perfectly capable of this, as has indeed been demonstrated by Ramanujan, perhaps the greatest mathematical genius the world has produced in this century."

REGISTRATION OF CARDS FOR CLOTH

Residents of Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District who hold or obtain permanent foodgrains cards on or before August 31, 1945 and do not by then register the cards for cloth, can do so up to September 30 1945.

Thereafter, they may have to wait for three months.

Persons obtaining permanent ration cards on or after September 1, 1945 will not be able to register them for cloth for three months from the date of receipt of the cards.

KARACHI, August 27. (U. P. I.): Mr. Rolland Owen, His Majesty's Trade Commissioner in India arrived here today. He is meeting the Karachi Indian Merchants' Association tomorrow.

GUPTA MEETS SIND PREMIER

KARACHI, August 27. (U.P.I.): Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta, prominent Arya Samaj leader from the Punjab, met the Premier, Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, to-day in connection with the Government's modified order on the Satyarth Prakash. Mr. Gupta also conferred with Hindu Ministers and other Hindu leaders.

HARDENING OF U. S. ATTITUDE TOWARDS GERMANY

FRANKFURT, August 27. (A.P.A.): A hardening of the American attitude towards Germany is a major objective of a three-day Conference of high-ranking military and civil officials opening to-day.

The Conference will seek to clarify the American economic, military and political policy in Germany. The military Government now finds itself in a critical phase in its efforts to carry out a complete de-Nazification programme.

Contradictory directives have also been issued aimed at political decentralization while maintaining the country as one economic unit.

FIRST NAVAL LANDING IN JAPAN ON THURSDAY

(Continued from Page 1)

of Staff of the southern armies, Lt.-Gen. Takazo Numata, does not cover the "surrender terms" for South-East Asia. Lord Louis Mountbatten is not empowered to do that until after the surrender at Tokyo.

The present agreement will merely facilitate certain preliminary moves by the Allied forces which will enable them to implement the terms of the overall surrender and take immediate action for the relief of prisoners of war.

What were probably the last shots of the Burma campaign were fired by the Japanese yesterday in the Shwegyn area, where they were 3,000 strong. Firing arose over the request for rice for the local population, but Allied troops did not return fire and there were no casualties.

The U. S. War Department announced today, according to the New York Radio, that the United States will want 50,000 men every month whether Japan is occupied peacefully or not. Any reduction in draft for this total will depend on the number of volunteers who come forward.

In Melbourne it was stated that Australia will send garrison troops to Ocean Island, Nauru, the Solomons, New Guinea, Singapore, Timor, Borneo, and Tokyo. Negotiations about Timor, which is owned partly by the Dutch and partly by the Portuguese, are proceeding, it was added.

SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG GOVERNORS EVACUATED SAFELY

CHUNGKING, August 27 (Reuter): Three prominent British internees, Sir Shenton Thomas, Governor of Singapore, Sir Mark Young, Governor of Hongkong, and Mr. C. R. Smith, Governor of North Borneo, have been evacuated safely from a Japanese prison camp, says Reuter. They are flying either to Chungking or to Kunming.

"POTSDAM TERMS FAIR TO JAP SOLDIERS"

LONDON, August 27 (A.P.A.): The Tokyo Radio today sent out an urgent appeal from the War Minister, Shimomura, instructing Japanese soldiers to cease fighting in isolated pockets.

The radio heard by the "Associated Press of America" quoted him as saying that it would be "a foredoomed struggle, which would only contrive to deepen the agony of the Japanese people." He added: "Terms of the Potsdam Declaration, were on the whole fair to the Japanese soldiers."

He told the Japanese that they must rise again from their temporary prostration and that their "sole aim ought to be the reconstruction of Japan."

JAP PREMIER ADMITS DEFEAT DUE TO ATOM BOMB

LONDON, August 27 (A.P.A.): Japanese Premier Higashi Kuni acknowledged to an assembly of Government leaders that the atom bomb knocked Japan out of the war.

A broadcast recorded by the A.P.A. quoted the Premier as saying:

"It is undeniable that hostilities ended because the Government could not cope with the numerous difficulties and complete chaos, which followed the utilisation of the atom bomb by the Allies."

INDIA MUST QUIT EMPIRE DOLLAR POOL

(Continued from page 1)

it would be folly to expect that India's full expectations would be realised, I have reason to believe that a substantial step forward may be expected in the coming months.

It is a pity that last year the solution of this problem was blocked on the specious plea that it was a matter of bi-lateral arrangement between India and the United Kingdom.

"I am agreeably surprised that some of the self-same persons now hold that it can only be part of an arrangement between the United States and the United Kingdom on the one hand and the holders of the sterling balances on the other.

"The sudden cessation of the lease-lend supplies from the U.S.A. has accelerated the discussion of this problem and I should not be surprised that, as a result of these discussions, India is soon brought into the picture. I have no doubt in my mind that our visit to Britain and the U.S.A. has impressed us with lively possibilities of what can be done in our country, and if our goal of a national Government is reached at an early date. I believe that the lessons we have learned and the ideas we have imbibed will be placed at the disposal of the authorities to push forward energetically the economic development of India."

BOMBAY PREPARES FOR A. I. C. C. SESSION

Congress Workers Plan For Best Arrangements In Shortest Possible Time

Arrangements for a three-day session of the All-India Congress Committee to be held in Bombay next month were discussed at length, at a meeting of Congress workers at Jinnah Hall this evening.

Fifteen committees were appointed to look after the different branches of preparatory work.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, President of the B. P. C. C. presided at the meeting.

PLUNGE INTO WORK.

Urging the workers to co-operate without delay, Mr. S. K. Patil said that the city of Bombay had the privilege of being the venue of a large number of sessions of the All India Congress Committee. The B.P.C.C. which played the host had always risen to the occasion. Citizens had given their co-operation too. Each worker of the Congress could lend a helping hand in making the session a success. In appointing the Committees this time the B.P.C.C. was trying to use its past experience and improve on the arrangements. There was very little time for the session. It was necessary that workers should plunge into work without delay.

The city Congress commands three volunteer corps with a total strength of two thousand. These will be enough for purposes of the A. I. C. C. But the other volunteer organisations in the city which have been rendering assistance to the Congress in the past are welcome to help the three "dals" of the Congress, namely, the Sevika Dal, the Congress Dal, and the Rashtra Seva' Dal.

NEW COMMITTEES

Some of the new committees established this time are the contact and Communications Committee, the Entertainment Committee and the Medical Committee. During the past sessions of the A. I. C. C., communication between members of the A. I. C. C. has always proved a problem. The B.P.C.C., therefore, will have a Special Committee this time to facilitate inter-communication. The Entertainments Committee will arrange to relieve the boredom of members during their spare hours by arranging for cinema shows and the like.

The Pandal and Construction Committee with Mr. Abidalli Jafferbhoy as Chairman will be in charge not only of the main pandal at Gowalia Tank which will accommodate 20,000 visitors but of daises at other places where leaders may address meetings.

Over twenty Congressmen will be entrusted with the work of receiving members at railway stations and giving them a send-off during departure. Mr. P. K. Sawant is in charge of this Reception Committee.

In view of pressure on tenements and hotels in the city, the Accommodation Committee with Mr. Shantikumar Morarji as Chairman has a particularly difficult job.

The Publicity Committee under Mr. P. R. Lele has several newspapermen serving on it.

One of the most important items of work dealing with finance is entrusted to the Ticket and Finance Committee with Mr. Bhawanji A. Khimji as Chairman. The B.P.C.C., as on the previous occasions, will rely mainly on the proceeds of tickets.

The Requirements Committee will work under Mr. Khimji Bhujpuria, the Arrangements Committee has Mr. S. L. Silam as Chairman.

The other Committees include the Decorations Committee under Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, the Water Sanitation Committee under Dr. D. D. Sathaye, the Refreshments Committee under Mr. Ratilal Thakkar, the Conveyance Committee under Mr. Dhirajlal Desai, the Entertainments Committee under Mr. Nanak Motwane, the Medical Committee under Dr. Gilder, and the Exhibition Committee under Mr. Vithaldas Jerajani.

The Committees will meet within two days.

FIVE LAKH SCHEME TO REBUILD CONGRESS HOUSE

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Congress House and all the other properties in the compound were taken possession of by Mr. S. K. Patil, Secretary, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee from the police this morning.

With little fuss and no ceremonial a small group of fifty Congress workers in the city headed by Mr. Nagindas T. Master, President, Mr. S. K. Patil, Secretary and Mrs. Sofia Khan, G.O.C. of the Sevika Dal, walked up to the terrace of the Congress House and hoisted the National Tricolour, on the flag-mast which had stood nude and unused for the last 37 months.

At the same time, Mr. Patil also took possession of the Jinnah Hall as one of the trustees. Till now the Jinnah Hall was legally under the control of the police, who had however, let it out for the use of the Peoples' Volunteer Brigade on a nominal rent of Re. 1 per month.

It may be recalled that on August 9, 1942, the police occupied the building and since then a clothing factory had been housed in the offices of the Committee.

It is understood the police will return the books and records of the B.P.C.C. to-day, (Tuesday).

Immediately on taking charge, the Congress authorities took steps to have the buildings cleaned and painted and prepared for a formal and ceremonial occupation on Friday.

It is expected that the first meeting of the B.P.C.C. will be called in about a fortnight's time.

Immediately after the restoration, the Provincial Congress authorities have announced a programme of what Mr. S. K. Patil called a "physical reconstruction" of the Congress House.

The present Congress House properties are a group of five separate buildings. The main one called "Tilak Mandir" is sixty years old and was purchased some twenty-five years ago. Four other blocks, namely the "Vithal, Sadan" which houses the offices of the B.P.C.C., the "Dadabhoy Manzil", the "Sarojini Cottage" and the Jinnah Hall are comparatively new structures.

It is now proposed to pull down the "Tilak Mandir" which is in a dilapidated condition, put up a five storied building in its place, erect a three storied building in place of the "Sarojini Cottage", extend the "Vithal Sadan", and add one more floor to the Jinnah Hall. The "Tilak Mandir" will mostly consist of residential accommodation. The "Sarojini Cottage", for the rebuilding of which Mrs. Sofia Khan has already collected Rs. 15,000 will be given over to the Sevika Dal and the rest of the space will be used for providing additional space to the offices of the B. P. C. C. and for guest quarters. The press too may have a room allotted to it.

This programme when completed is expected not only to provide adequate accommodation for the B. P. C. C. but to make it completely self-supporting. All this is estimated to cost about five lakhs of rupees. The holders of the Congress House property have already built up a fund of one lakh. Any surplus resulting from the coming A.I.C.C. will also go into this fund. The rest of the money will, of course, be readily subscribed by the citizens of Bombay.

HURLEY FLIES TO YENAN

U. S. Mediation For Chiang-Communist Deadlock

CHUNGKING, August 27. (A.P.A.): American Ambassador Patrick T. Hurley flew to Yenan today to bring Mao Tse-Tsung and other Communist leaders to Chungking for a "Peace Conference" with Generalissimo Chiang-Kai-Shek. Ambassador Hurley said that he was going to Yenan with the full approval of the Generalissimo.

"We have worked continually for more than a year to help the National Government in removing the possibility of a civil war in China" Mr. Hurley said.

"In this controversy, there have been so many conflicting elements, and it is a source of gratification that we have been able to maintain the respect and confidence of the leaders of both parties".

"RUSSIA'S CONTRIBUTION TO CHINESE UNITY"

LONDON, August 27. (Reuter): The Chungking Radio says, Doctor T. V. Soong, the Chinese Prime Minister, has described the new treaty of alliance and mutual aid signed between China and the Soviet Union as a guarantee for a durable peace in the Far East.

Doctor Soong said that the words of the treaty which stipulated that any moral or material assistance rendered by the Soviet Union will be exclusively to the Central Government at Chungking and that Russia will not interfere with the internal affairs of China, were the greatest contribution to Chinese unity.

(Also See Page Six)

Memorial For August Victims

TEJPUR, August 27. (U.P.I.): It is learnt that arrangements are being made by the Assam Provincial Congress Committee to perpetuate the memory of 21 persons including 5 women who died during the disturbances of 1942.

PLEA FOR VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE

Reserve Bank Governor On Choice Of Career

Speaking under the auspices of the Public Service Committee of the Rotary Club at St. Xavier's College on Monday evening, Sir Chintaman Deshmukh, Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, indicated the general lines of policy to be followed in the choice of a career. Rotary S. F. B Tyabji presided.

Sir Chintaman found it scandalous that parents were not always qualified to give appropriate guidance to their children in the choice of a profession. He therefore suggested that vocational guidance be organised on a sound basis.

Sir Chintaman further observed that the choice of a career should be in accordance with a liking for it. Without liking for a particular type of work there was every likelihood of the career degenerating into a drudgery.

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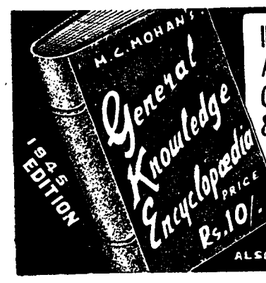

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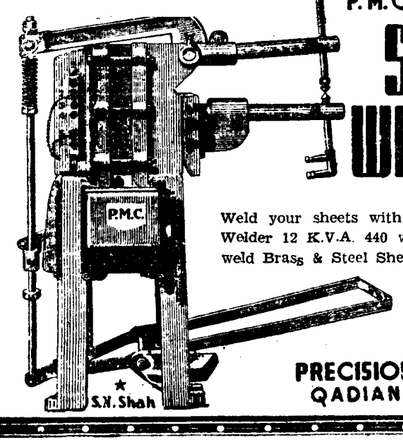

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CANNED FOOD FROM INDIA TO BRITAIN

Big Contract Negotiated

LONDON, July 24.—Twenty-four hundred thousand tins of canned tomatoes will be exported from India to Britain in the first half of 1946

This was revealed to the "United Press of India" by Mr. Datta, who successfully negotiated this large contract with the British Ministry of Food. Mr. Datta was representing the Indian Collective Farms, Limited, and the Bengal Canning and Condiments Works, Limited.

This is, perhaps, the first time that Britain has entered into a contract for importation of canned food from India.

Grown from rich, selected varieties, these tomatoes represent the pick of our farms. Next year they will feed literally millions of English people. But today they are available to you also in four delicious varieties —

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TRADE MARK

BENGAL CANNING & CONDIMENTS WORKS Ltd

Bombay Office:
H. DATTA & SONS
No. 6, Western India House, Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Bombay.

SOVIET SURPRISE FOR CHINESE "REDS"

No Aid In Campaign Against Chungking Govt.

TERMS OF SINO-RUSSIAN PACT BASED ON MUTUAL HELP

LONDON, August 26. (Reuter): The publication tonight of the terms of the Sino-Soviet pact confirmed the impression of informed quarters in London that the recent conversation between Dr. T. V. Soong, the Chinese Prime Minister, and Generalissimo Joseph Stalin has notably reduced the risk of a civil war in China, cables Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent.

The most important feature of the Treaty is considered here to be the assurance that the Soviet Union will give military and other aid exclusively to the Central Chinese Government.

Although there is no specific reference to the position of Yenan Communists, it seems plain that they have been disabused of any hopes of obtaining Soviet aid in the campaign against Chungking.

The second most important feature of the pact is considered to be the Soviet recognition of Chinese sovereignty in Manchuria implied by the decision to withdraw Russian troops from this province three months after the end of hostilities with the Japanese

The overriding importance attached by the Chinese to the return of Manchuria is fully recognised in London.

The accommodation of Soviet interests in the Far East through the grant of a 30-year concession in Port Arthur and on Manchurian Railways and the solution of the vexed question of outer Mongolio through recourse to a plebiscite appeared to effect a satisfactory compromise between Soviet and Chinese interests.

A further point of the treaty (which, Moscow Radio states, was ratified today) was that Russia and China undertake not to enter into separate negotiations with Japan and not to conclude a separate peace treaties with the present Government "or any other Government or ruling power established in Japan which has not repudiated all aggressive intentions."

Prevent Repetition Of Aggression

Moscow Radio tonight gave the following further points in the new Russo-Chinese treaty.

The high contracting parties undertake at the end of the war against Japan to take jointly all measures in their power to prevent repetition of aggression and violation of peace on the part of Japan.

If one of the contracting parties becomes a victim of aggression, the other contracting party will immediately render to the party involved in military operations all military and other aid and support at her disposal.

Each of the high contracting parties undertakes not to conclude an Alliance of any kind and not to participate in any coalition directed against the other contracting party.

The ratification followed the negotiations in Moscow starting on June 30 between Generalissimo Stalin, M. Molotov, Peoples Commissar for Foreign Affairs, Dr. T. V. Soong the Chinese, Prime Minister and Dr. Wang Shih-Chieh, the Chinese Foreign Minister.

The following is the text of the Russian-Chinese treaty, which was ratified today, as broadcast by Moscow Radio: "The Presidium of the Supreme Council of the U.S.S.R. and the President of the National Government of the Chinese Republic are desirous of strengthening friendly relations, which have already existed between the two countries by means of Alliance and good neighbourly collaboration, in the post-war period and are imbued with determination to render each other assistance.

MUTUAL CONSENT

Article One: The High Contracting Parties undertake jointly with other United Nations to wage war against Japan until final victory. The high contracting parties pledge themselves to render each other all necessary military and other help and assistance in this war.

Article Two: The High Contracting Parties undertake not to conclude armistice without mutual consent with either the present Japanese Government or with anv other Government or authority established in Japan which will not clearly renounce all aggressive intentions.

Article Three: The High Contracting Parties undertake after the end of the war against Japan to take jointly all measures in their power to prevent repetition of aggression and violation of peace on the part of Japan.

If one of the High Contracting Parties becomes a victim of aggression, the other contracting party will immediately render to the party involved in military operations all military and other air and support at her disposal.

This Article remains in force until such time as at the request of both the high contracting parties responsibility for the prevention of further aggression by Japan is placed in the hands of the United Nations organisation.

Article Four: Each of the High Contracting Parties undertakes not to conclude an alliance of any kind and not to participate in any coalition directed against the other contracting party.

Article Five: The High Contracting Parties, taking into account the protection and economic development of each country, agree to work together in friendly cooperation after the advent of peace and to act on the principle of mutual respect of each others sovereign and territorial rights and not to interfere in the internal affairs of the other contracting party.

ECONOMIC HELP

Article Six: The High Contracting Parties agree to give each other all possible economic help in the post-war period to speed up reconstruction of both the countries and in order to bring about the wellbeing of the world.

Article Seven: This agreement is drawn up in a way which respects rights and obligations of the High Contracting Powers and all member powers of the United Nations.

Article Eight: This agreement is subject to ratification which is to take place as soon as possible. The exchange of instruments of ratification will take place in Chungking

The agreement comes into force immediately after its ratification and will remain valid for 30 years.

If neither of the High Contracting Parties give notice during this period of its desire to terminate the agreement, it will remain in force for an indefinite period.

Dr. Alban J. D'Souza, Mayor of Bombay and Mr. K. M. Munshi snapped on the occasion of Sneh Sammelan held under the auspices of Seventeen Gujrati Associations at Khalsa College on Saturday.

Shyamaprasad Mukerjee In Vile Parle

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Monday.

Dr. Shyamaprasad Mukerjee, the President of the Hindu Mahasabha, addressed a very crowded meeting at Tilak Mandir in Vile Parle on Sunday evening when he explained the fundamental policy and programme of the Mahasabha.

During his all-India tour, he said, he had found even the Congress-minded Hindus being very critical and sceptical about the Congress Working Committee's attempts at appeasing the League and its leader Mr. Jinnah. Dr. Mukerjee urged the Hindus to unite, organise and act. He criticised the attitude of the Congress as illogical to the extreme as in one breath they call themselves nationalists and in the other they are approaching and appeasing to an absurd limit the League. He emphasised that India cannot be divided. It is one and indivisible.

Civilian workers in New York City load 84 crates of cholera serum on a U. S. Army Air Transport Command plane bound for Chungking, China. The serum was sent by the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration.

ITALY & YUGO-SLAV CLAIM

LONDON, August 26. (Reuter): The Yugoslav news agency at Janjug reports that the Yugoslav Provincial Parliament to-day (Sunday), passed by acclamation a resolution urging the Government to do its utmost to gain recognition for Yugoslavia's right to the disputed territories on the Italian Frontier.

The resolution advised the Government to strain all its efforts at the forthcoming conference of Foreign Ministers in London so that "Yugoslavia's right be recognised to those regions which at the Peace Conference after the first world war, contrary to the principle of self-determination were incorporated into Italy and which are component parts of Yugoslavia ethnically, geographically and economically.

"These regions are the Slovene Littoral, Beneska Slovenia, Trieste, Istria, Rivera, Zadar and the islands of Lasovo and Pelagruz".

MAHAVIRA JAINA VIDYALAYA

At the thirtieth annual general meeting of Shri Mahavira Jaina Vidyalaya held on Sunday, Sjt. Kakalbhai B. Vakil presiding. The following were elected office-bearers for the year, 1945-46:—

SECRETARIES: Chandulal S. Modi and Motichand G. Kapadia. Treasurer; Kakalbhai B. Vakil.

Our products are writing a new chapter in India's Non-Ferrous achievement. Whenever uniformity in grade and perfection in pattern and quality are essential our products, the range of which includes :- Brass, Copper, Lead, Aluminium, Phosphor Bronze, Muntz Metal and other Non-Ferrous Rods, Wires and Nails of all sections and sizes, Aluminium Ingots and other Allied Non-Ferrous products, are the choice of discriminating buyers.

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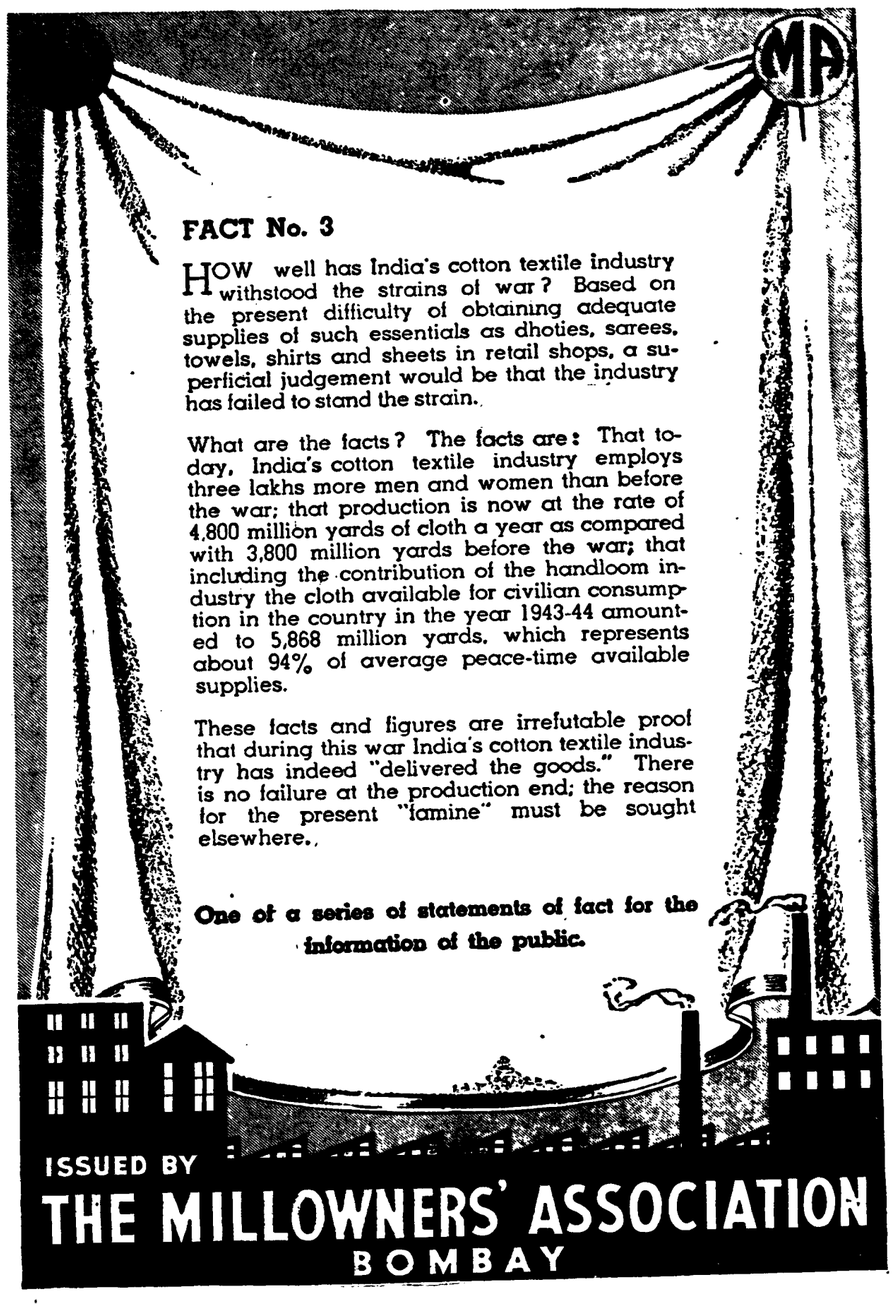

FACT No. 3

HOW well has India's cotton textile industry withstood the strains of war? Based on the present difficulty of obtaining adequate supplies of such essentials as dhoties, sarees, towels, shirts and sheets in retail shops, a superficial judgement would be that the industry has failed to stand the strain.

What are the facts? The facts are: That today, India's cotton textile industry employs three lakhs more men and women than before the war; that production is now at the rate of 4,800 million yards of cloth a year as compared with 3,800 million yards before the war; that including the contribution of the handloom industry the cloth available for civilian consumption in the country in the year 1943-44 amounted to 5,868 million yards, which represents about 94% of average peace-time available supplies.

These facts and figures are irrefutable proof that during this war India's cotton textile industry has indeed "delivered the goods." There is no failure at the production end; the reason for the present "famine" must be sought elsewhere.

One of a series of statements of fact for the information of the public.

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BOMBAY

Short Covering And Replacement Buying In Shares

GOLD FIRM ON PROFESSIONAL SUPPORT

Cotton Passing In Strong Hands

BOMBAY, August 27.

The Bombay Stock Exchange ruled steady on short covering and some replacement buying. Realising sales were well absorbed by the growing demand. As a result of day's trading Tata Steel Dfds. gained Rs. 27, Ordinary Rs. 3/8, Bombay Dyeing Rs. 25, Kohinoors Rs. 10, Swadeshi Rs. 11, Nagpurs Rs. 5 and Simplex Rs. 7. Government Securities were supported by renewed investment demand and 3½ per cent. Paper was quoted at Rs. 101/5.

Cotton Market seems to have ended the decline with resumption of Government buying in old crop cotton. New crop months found good speculative support on the plea that present price is attractive—cotton is passing in strong hands.

Bullion Market was firm with active professional buying in Gold. There was no trading in Silver as difficulties are reported in settling outstanding transactions.

Seeds Market was steady with moderate business passing.

SHARE BAZAR

In view of two holidays this week on Thursday and Friday, the Bombay Stock Exchange will remain open on Saturday. To-day the market was steady with a restricted turnover and quotations moved within a narrow range. Outside participation remains absent and there is more disposition to await developments.

Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs. 2186 and after touching Rs. 2187 level returned to the opening level of Rs. 2185 Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 407 and steadied at Rs. 408. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1950 and improved to Rs. 1955. Kohinoor Mill Shares opened at Rs. 572 and steadied at Rs. 575. Central India Shares were quoted at Rs. 365 and Century Shares were placed at Rs. 880. Gokaks were done at Rs. 286/4 and Simplex Shares stood at Rs. 287. Associated Cements were quoted at Rs. 208. Bellapurs were steady at Rs. 213/12 and Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 555. Indian Irons changed hands at Rs. 40/3.

The opening firmness was maintained on short covering and some replacement buying meeting small liquidation. The market is acting cautiously in views of heavy losses in the Bullion market. It appears that those who had a good luck to build up fortunes as a result of war conditions are reported to have suffered and naturally days of active manipulations are over. Some time there was a fear of deflation but the recent statements do not support this view and Government Securities after the recent decline attract investment support.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1958/12 Century 890 Nagpur 365 Swadeshi 529 New Great 370 Simplex 287 Kohinoor 576 Colaba 218 Gokak 289 Phoenix 640 Mysore 291/4 Indian Bleaching 164 Swan 300 Finlay 275 Morarjee 687/8 Indore X.D 645 Edward Sassoon 615

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 407/8 Tata Steel Dfds 2183/12

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 201/8 Andhra 1822/8 Tata Power 1862/8 Tram Ord 143/8

CEMENT

Associated Merger 208/12

INDUSTRIES

Burma 552/8 Alcock 406/4 Belapur 215 Shivrajpur 50 Steamer Ord 587/8 Scindia 36/2 Construction 198

CASH SECTION

MILLS: Apollo 3/14 Elphinstone 74/8 E U Ord 13/9 Dfds 2/11/6 Indian Mfg 3525 Kurla 242/8 Khatau 317/8 Dawn 1100 David 1300 New City 372/8 Minerva 235/2 Bradbury 318/12 Bharucha Dfds 8/8 Bnara. 59 Madhavji 16/12 Model 253/12 Laxmi Cotton 1365 Vishnu Cotton 475 Western 2610 Sholapur 7800 Sassoon Cotton 19/8 Hindustan 3810 Meyer Sassoon 185 Tata Mills 63/4 Ahd. Advance 396/4 Sassoon Silk 78/8 New Union 22/8 Poddar 370 Madhusudan 415 New 83 Shri Nivas 360 Raja Bahadur Poona 126/4 Berar 310

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad AE 175/14 Surat 236/4 Surat New Premier 115 Karachi 240/10 Broach 12/14 Ajmer 14/14 Amalgamated 18/8 Jalgaon 11/13 Nagpur 48 Bombay Suburban 211/14 New Premier 100

BANKS:

Reserve 136/8 Imperial 2192/8 P P 561/4 Central 83/12 India 187/8 Union 8/11 Baroda 144 Habib 82 International 47 A B C 35/12 Dena Bank 70 United 75/8 Jaipur 68 Hindustan 54 National Savings F P 73 P P 39/8 Mysore 362 Exchange 54/8

INSURANCE

Oriental 6600 Empire 1210 New India 82/8 Jupiter 31 Vulcan 16 Indian Mercantile 66 Vasant 25 Br. L. Gen. 25/2 Bombay Life 875 Ind Prud 55

RAILWAYS

Ad. Prantij 720 C.P. 109/8 Mymensing Reb 111/8 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 111 Sara Serajganj 117 Sialkot 118 New 54 Upper Sind 124 Pachora 98 Hoshiarpur 117/4

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 198/2 Burma Petrol 6 Tata Oil 67/8 Mackenzie 147/8 Port Canning 111 Zandu 211/4 Indian Radio Ord 455 B 411/4 Defd 425 Indian Investment Trust 119 Wimco 302/8 Tata Chemical 18/12 Dharamsi Chemical 39 Eastern Chemical 12/4 Mukund Iron 12/8 Delta Trust 26 Alembic 328/12 Supreme Industries 227/8 Jam Wire 140 Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 35 India Cement (1937) 34 Walchand Nagar Industries 615 Kemp 490

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 226/4 Tata Steel Second 166 Tram 64/8 Andhra 1615 Tata Power 1722/8 Hydro 165/10 Bombay Steamer 347/8 Nagpur 732/8 Vishnu 802/8 Laxmi 300 New Great 201/4 Poddar 117 Elphinstone 126/14 Bradbury 545 Surat Elec. 206/4 Premier Const. 1st 135 Second 135 Amalgamated 153/12 Habib 50 Tata Chemical 12/8 Walchand Industries 283/12

OTHER SHARES

Indian Iron 40/8 Bengal Steel 34/4 Indian Copper 3/5 B I C 7/3 Burma Corporation 6/9 New Victoria Mill 7/15 Victoria Pref. 9/6 Cawnpore Tex 12/8 Raja Tex 68 Phalton 155 Gold Mohar 300 New Kaiser-Hind 2460 Sajjan 430 Osmanshahi 310 Ajamshahi 590

Cotton Parity

Indian Cotton September Contract is 865 cent points under New York October at Exchange rate 331.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Aug. 27.

MILLS

Apollo 3/14/3 3/14/6 3/13/9 3/14 Bharat 59 B. Dyeing 1950 51/4 46/4 56/4 60 55 58/12 56/4 58/12 Central India (Oru) 363 64 62/8 65 63 65/8 63 65 Century 890 Colaba 218 17 18 Edward 612/8 15 12/8 16/4 15 Elphinstone (Ord) 74 74/8 Elphinstone (Pref) 126/4 Finlay 277/8 76/8 78/8 77/8 76 Gokak 288 89 86 89 India United Defd 2/11/6 2/12/3 2/11/6 India United Ord 13/10/6 13/8 13/9 Indore 640 42/8 38/12 45 42/8 45 (Ex. Div). Khatau 317/8 Kohinoor 573 71 72/8 70/8 74/8 73/8 76 75 76/8 74/8 76 75 76 Luxmi 1365 Meyer 184/6 86 Model 252/8 53/12 Morarjee 690 86/4 90 87/8 Mysore 291/4 New Great 369 71 70 Phoenix 640 Sassoon Silk 78/8 Shrinivas 357/8 60 Simplex 284 84/8 83 87/8 86/8 89 87 88 87 Swadeshi 522 25 23 28/8 26/8 29 Swan 300 Tata Mills 63 63/4 Vishnu 475 Ahmedabad Prantej Rly 720

BANKS:

Baroda 144 A.B.C. 35/12 Central 82 80/4 80/12 (Ex Div). Exchange 55/4 54/8 Imperial (Old) 2192/8 Imperial (New) 561/4 60 61/4 India 188 87/8 Reserve 137/8 36/8 National Savings (P.P.) 39/8 Union 8/10 United Commercial 75

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 176/14 75/10 Andhra Valley (Ord) 1822/8 Andhra Valley (Prof) 1615 Tram (Ord) 144 42/12 43/8 43 43/8 Tram (Pref) 64 64/12 64/4 64/8 B. Suburban 211/14 Hydro 201/8 Power (Ord) 1860 63/12 62/8

INSURANCE

British India 25 25/2 Empire 1210 Jupiter 30/12 31 New India 83/8 81/8 82/8 82 82/12 82/8 Vulcan 16 Bombay Steam 587/8 Scindia 36/4 36/1 36/3 35/15 36/2 Tata Steel Defd 2187/8 80 82/8 76/8 75 88/12 80 88/12 81/4 87/8 81/4 83/12 Tata Steel Ord 406/8 7 6/8 8 7 9 7 8 7/8 Tata Steel 2nd Pref 166 65/8 66

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 405 6/4 A. Cement 209 8 8/8 8 8/12 Belapur 213 15 Burmah (Old) 560 51/4 57/8 52/8 Burmah (New) 198/2 B. B. Petrol 5/15/6 5/15 6 Indian Bleaching 165 62 64 P Construction (Ord) 198 Shivrajpur 49/8 50 Tata Chemical 18/12 18/13 18/12 Tata Oil 66/8 67/8 Western India Match 302/8 New Union Mills 22/8

GOLD & SILVER

The Gold market opened steady today and during the early part of the session prices declined but later advanced on general buying. It appears that cessation of trading in Silver is increasing speculative business in Gold and it is time for the custodians of the trade to check undue activity, still the market has to go through two big Valans of Silver. The Board had to take abnormal measures but it seems that dealers have forgotten the evil effects of undesirable speculative activity in the market. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 68/2 and declined to Rs. 67/8 on general selling and advanced to Rs. 68/8 on active buying. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 68/12 while next settlement was quoted at a discount of Rs. 1/2 at Rs. 67/7. This disparity once again shows existance of extensive speculative business in the market.

Final quotations were as under:—

Ready Gold	69	0	0
Next Settlement	67	12	0
Sovereigns	47	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

September cotton now near about the floor level and some discriptions being quoted at noor level and below the Government has as usual started buying but it remains to be seen what quantity of cotton passes the Government test as the surveys of the Government cotton are very strict. In any way September cotton is very cheap and those who can hold good cotton will be amply rewarded for their courage. It is interesting to note that September cotton is now selling below 875 cent points American cotton; Indian cotton is also cotton of 3/b inch staple and it is not grown like weeds without any cost. The present price hardly covers the existing increased cost to grow cotton and it is a known fact that cotton is the cheapest agricultural produce in this country. This fact is well realised by buyers of January contracts which now stand at a premium of Rs. 50 over September. The drop in September cotton is the direct result of repeated corners and inability of the bull syndicate to weigh over September. This state amply supports the proverb never "to Bull the tail of a short crop."

To-day the market opened steady with January quoted at Rs. 410 and declined to Rs. 408 on scattered selling. September was quoted at Rs. 357.

Later on there was improved buying and short covering which hardened quotations September was quoted at Rs. 361 and January was placed at Rs. 411/8.

The market steadily improved to Rs. 413 for January and Rs. 363 for September. At this level there was renewed selling and September declined to Rs. 357/8 and January to Rs. 407. The market finally closed at 6 p.m. as under:

I.C.C. Sept.	356	8	0
I.C.C. Jan.	410	0	0
I.C.C. March	416	0	0

Cairo Merchants Look For Progressive Downward Trend In Prices

CAIRO (By Air Mail): Japan's surrender offer has brought down gold prices throughout the Middle East and everyone is anxious to know whether there will be a similar decline in the cost of living.

Some of the merchants, who had been buying cloth not on the official tariff list in the hope of a big demand at the Mohammedan festival of Bairam, were frankly disappointed and hoped it was just "another rumour."

Informed opinion in Egypt suggests a gradual rather than a sudden downward turn. Some believe it will be a year before there is any appreciable change.

The local market is short of imported goods. And these depend on shipping which will be needed for repatriation of troops and relief for Europe and the Far East.

Nevertheless cost of living indices in the last few months have begun to fall. The reason for this, it is believed, is because hoarders of certain goods were realising some of their capital so as not to be caught on the wrong foot by the end of the war and increased imports.

The end of the Far East war should be a further inducement to hoarders to release their stocks, but it will be the rate of imports which will ultimately decide the price movement.

There is not the shipping available to open up trade suddenly or the mills available to consume large quantities of Egypt's cotton, while currency difficulties act as a further brake.

But people generally are looking forward to a progressive downward turn in prices.—

Hapur Market Review

Hapur, Aug. 24

Food Grains: Markets have reacted bearishly to a number of factors. There have been very good rains and crops are progressing satisfactorily. A big consignment of imported wheat is likely to arrive here shortly. Other commodity prices are showing continued decline. There is less of difficulty in the availability of wheat now while peas prices have declined somewhat. Barley and gram continue to be scarce. Mr. Marsh Smith, Secretary Rationing Department of the U. P. has hinted that there is no possibility of early withdrawal of either rationing or the price control. There is a fear that wheat prices may flare up once the control is withdrawn Arrivals of wheat locally are likely to increase with the clearance of weather. The following are the current rates. Wheat 10/4, peas new 8, old 6/8. Stocks wheat 34, peas 96 khattis. The R.F.C. has freezed local peas stock.

Pulses: Markets are unsteady and have recorded fall in prices. There is heavy stock of Arhar which needs an immediate outlet. Arhar new 7/2, old 6/8, Urad 14/8. Moong 11, Masoor 10. Arhar stock 84 khattis.

Gur: Market recorded slight decline in prices. Exports are again stopped. Gur 10, Jaggery powder 11/8.

Bullion: Market remained highly erratic. There was a steep fall in silver during the early session till Hapur quoted lowest prices on record for silver in India viz. 103/8. This attracted huge speculative coverings here by oversold bears from all over the country. Prices gradually steadied. Silver is now quoted at 10/2 and gold at 62/8. The understone is quiet to steady and predominant buyers are shortcoverers.

Hapur Quotations

Hapur, Aug. 27.

Silver 114/2. Gold 68. Market opened extremely steady, featured by active bullish activity on growing concern regarding future economical policy of Great Britain and American. Bardana Mangsar 50, Asuj 52/8. Wheat 10/8. Peas 8. Old 6/8. Arhar 7, Old 6/8. Gur 9/2, Juggery powder 9/12. Urad 1/8. Moong 11. Masoor 10, Food gram markets quiet.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 27.

The local market was fairly steady with a moderate business. Groundnuts Bombay delivery Khandesh quality were done at Rs 15/12 while Bold were quoted at Rs. 15/2. Goa delivery September/October were done at Rs. 16/14 and new crop December/February business was reported at Rs. 16 Castorseeds Bombay, Goa and Navlakhi delivery were quoted at Rs. 15/4, Linseed C.P. and U.P was placed at Rs. 18, Nizam State Linseed was quoted at Rs. 17/14 and Satna was done at Rs. 17/10, Navlakhi business was reported at Rs. 18/4 and tone was steady.

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 24th August 1945 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 1,46,689
Amount of Cheques: Rs. 47,96,82,026-1-9

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Aug. 27.

LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/st 1/6 7/32 1 and 2 months. 90 Days/st. 1/6 1/4 3 to 6 months.

B. C. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D. D 1/5 15/16.

Banks selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32.

Banks buying T T. 1/6 1/32 D. D 1/6 3/32.

LDN/NEW YORK:

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D. Rs. 332 3/4.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D. D. Rs. 328

LDN/MONTREAL:

Banks selling T. T. Rs. 302 1/2 D. D. Rs. 302 1/2.

Banks buying T. T. Rs. 297 3/4 D. D. Rs. 296-1/4

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money: Call, one and two months 1/4 p.c. 3 to 5 months 1/2 p.c. 6 to 11 months 3/4 p.c 12 months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone: Very Easy.

New York Share Quotations

NEW YORK, Aug. 24

U. S. Steel	68-3 4
Bethlehem Steel	60
N. Y. Central R. R. Com.	25
N. Y. Chic. St. Louis Pfd.	125
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	179-3/4
Nat. City Bk of N. Y	43-1/2
General Motors	70-1/8
Anaconda Copper	33-1/8
2-1 2 p.c U. S. Treasury	100-3/4
7th War Loan	to 101
Texas Corporation	50-1/2
Socony Vacuum	15
Sinclair Oil	15
Int. Nickel	32-3/4
Chase Nat Bank	41
Western Union 'A'	48-1/2
Farnsworth Televe	16-1/4
General Electric	45-7/8

Monetary Circulation Continues To Rise Throughout The World

The monetary expansion generated by the wartime conditions continued generally during 1944. But in many countries this rate of increase was slackening while in others it remained about the same as in1943; only in comparatively few cases did a marked acceleration of the increase take place in 1944. These trends are demonstrated for some thirty countries in a series of graphs on note circulation and commercial bank deposits given in the latest issue (No. 4(A). 1945) of the Monthly Bulletin of Statistics published by the League of Nations' Economic and Financial Department at Princeton, New Jersey.

During the war note circulation as a rule has increased more rapidly than commercial bank sight deposits and in nearly all countries, sight deposits more rapidly than time deposits

How great has been the wartime expension in the means of payments is apparent from a comparison of the data for the end of 1944 with those for July 1939. As the relative importance of note circulation and commercial bank sight deposits respectively varies widely from country to country, it is only by considering their sum that the actual expansion in the means of payment can be determined. During the above period of nearly 5-1/2 years note circulation and commercial bank sight deposits combined increased a millionfold in Greece, about 800 per cent in Iraq and to much the same extent in Italy, about 450 per cent in India and Finland and somewhat over 300 per cent in Mexico and Denmark. By contrast, in neutral Switzerland and Sweden this increase amounted to 77 and 105 per cent, in the Argentine to 142 per cent and in the United States and the United Kingdom to 146 and 149 per cent.

Note circulation alone, (corresponding deposit data not available) increased a millionfold in Greece, by over 1100 per cent in Hungary and Italy, by 631 per cent in Japan, 447 per cent in Germany, 399 per cent in the Netherlands, 362 per cent in Turkey, 265 per cent in France and 261 per cent in Portugal.

The rate of growth in the means of payments slowed down during 1944 in half the number of countries under review and most conspicuously in Iraq, India and New Zealand, in Portugal and France and in Canada, the United States, Mexico and Venezuela. On the other hand, an equally marked or even more pronounced acceleration of the rate of increase took place during that year in Greece, Finland, Hungary, Roumania, Italy, Turkey and Japan. In Germany the note circulation of the Reichsbank increased by approximately 50 per cent in 1944.

In one country shown, namely Belgium, was an actual contraction in the volume of currency effected in 1944. After the liberation of that country, the withdrawal of the notes then circulating and their replacement by new bank notes was decreed in October. By February, 1945, the value of the new issues amounted to some 50 milliard francs as compared with 100 milliards in old notes outstanding at the end of August 1944 and 83 milliards at the end of 1943.

New York Cotton Market

New York, Aug. 25.

Prices early ruled steady on overnight price-fixing, but then eased irregularly and more actively with far distant months resistant to the downward pressure in nearby deliveries attributed to liquidation and increased hedging but indifferent mill buying possibly because of reconversion complexities in the textile industry. Meanwhile the warnings that hurricane will strike Texas to-morrow were ignored and the market closed barely steady.

Calicut Quotations

Calicut, Aug. 27.

Cocoanuts raw 75. Dry 90. Cocoanut Oil 335. Copra office 215, Dilpasand 230, Madrasnottam 245. Goodgoods 235. Pepper Wynaad 330. Country 320. Dryginger Chernad 250, Ernad 235. Coffee Robusta 90.

FREE

CALENDAR 1945-46

and Indian Pen Model 1945, together with illustrated catalogue of Standard New Gold ornaments is given away absolutely FREE. A sample set comprising of 4 fancy bangles, two rings Bombay fashion, one pair ear-ring and 1 locket is also offered to interesting persons who apply now before the concession is withdrawn.

KHARKHANA NAYA SONA,
ANARKALI, LAHORE.

THEY ALL NEED IT

On the home front you need to guard against bacteria. Listol is not only germicidal, it is fresh-tasting and deodorant. Keep a bottle for emergencies.

LISTOL

MAKE THE LISTOL HABIT. IT IS GOOD FOR YOU.

LISTER ANTISEPTICS
CALCUTTA.

ART PICTURE ALBUMS

Quite a fresh and most beautiful taken from real lives of beautiful ladies in very attractive and charming poses. Each set contains 12 photos. Postage As. 8 extra.

1. Beauties of the world Rs. 3
2. Beauties of India Rs. 3

A complete set of 2 Albums now for Rs. 5/8 only. Postage extra.

GARG BOOK DEPOT
Anarkali, (B.C.) LAHORE.

REWARD £ 500

YOU CAN BE YOUNG IN 24 HOURS

"OTOGEN" (VITAMIN TONIC) makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It is useful for loss of vigour, impure blood, mental and physical exhaustion. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. The roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100%. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens the whitish grey hair permanently for life and gives natural new teeth to the old men.

"OTOGEN" was tried in SWITZERLAND upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. Only by one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation that patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man and has recently married a young wife. The actors and actresses of HOLLYWOOD are active young looking, and charming by the use of this medicine even at an advanced age of 80 and 90 years and they are enthusiastically working on the stages. The use of "OTOGEN" by females in their prime of life guarantees up to the last days of life never-fading charms of youth and preserves school-girl complexion all along. For Males in their period of youth, Otogen wards off premature old age, retains the jet black hair, a bloomy face and a robust health throughout and makes one feel and look several years younger than the actual age.

"OTOGEN" was once put in a glass tumbler for a long time and that GLASS TUMBLER turned to be an unbreakable one and could not actually be broken to pieces though severe strokes had been blown on the same. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India. Commence taking "OTOGEN" immediately and let the results speak for themselves. Moreover before commencing the test, weigh yourself look in the mirror and observe your appearance. Then at the end of one week look again in the mirror note exactly how you look and feel, and appreciate the effects of taking "OTOGEN"

In order to popularise "OTOGEN" in India, the price is to be Rs. 5/- only for a very short period, after some time its original price of Rs. 30 will be charged. Order to-day for to-morrow may be too late as there is limited stock on account of war conditions.

GUARANTEE.—A Cash Reward of £500 shall be awarded to any scientist or medical man or any of the public who proves the inefficacy of our most wonderful invention

NOTE:—Unlike other Rejuvenators "Otogen" is the only one of its kind which yields equally splendid results even in the EXTREMES OF HEAT OF TROPICAL SUMMERS as in winter or any other mild and temperate climate.

Under the burning heat of summer Sun WHEN YOU ARE AT ZERO, OTOGEN IS ALSO AN EXCELLENT RESTORATIVE.

OTOGEN LABORATORIES (ENGLAND)
27, Nicholson Road, LAHORE.

Sold by all Leading Chemists and Stores.
Stockists:—Perry & Co., Ltd., Grant Road, Bombay.
M/s. MARSHALL & CO., 171, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay
HARDINGE & CO., Charni Road, Bombay.
VORA BROS., Princess Street, Bombay.
P. HARKINDAS & CO., Lamington Road, Bombay
GRAND PHARMACY, Charni Road, Bombay.

THE CANARA BANKING CORPORATION, LIMITED.

ESTD.: 1906

HEAD OFFICE: UDIPI, S. India.

(A scheduled bank having Branches and Agencies in all principal cities of India).

LOCAL OFFICE: 1st Floor, Readymoney Mansions, Churchgate St., Fort.

With our experience of 40 years and with a wide range of facilities that we offer in every type of banking business conducted by a MODERN BANK, we are confident that we can give every satisfaction to our customers.

COTY (England) LTD.

2 NEW BOND STREET, LONDON

have pleasure in announcing that all enquiries in respect of the sale of Coty products in India should now be addressed to their agents as follows:

For BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, LAHORE & SIND:—
Messrs. GEOFFREY MANNERS & CO. LTD.
5/12 QUEEN'S ROAD, BOMBAY

For MADRAS PRESIDENCY:—
Messrs. T. A. TAYLOR & CO. (Madras) LTD.
100 ARMENIAN STREET, MADRAS

SUCCESS IN LIFE DEMANDS
PUNCTUALITY
PUNCTUALITY DEMANDS
SPEED YOU CAN DEPEND UPON
H. B. C.
BICYCLE
THAT GLIDES
FOR
SAFE & SMOOTH SPEED
GIVE YOUR CHILDREN
THE H. B. C.
SPEED TO GO
WITH SPEED
IN LIFE

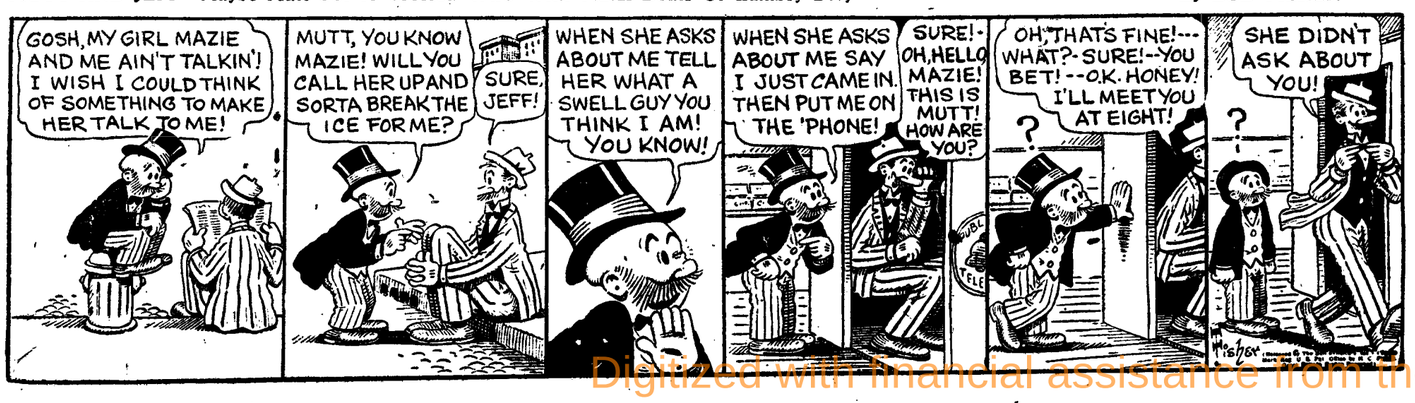
A/P-5/2.

HINDUSTAN BICYCLE MFG. & INDUSTRIAL CORPN. LTD.

PROVINCIAL DISTRIBUTORS:

Wanted.

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Mutt Got A Crossed Wire With Marzi Doats Or Lambsy Divy By BUD FISHER


GOSH, MY GIRL MAZIE AND ME AIN'T TALKIN'! I WISH I COULD THINK OF SOMETHING TO MAKE HER TALK TO ME!
MUTT, YOU KNOW MAZIE! WILL YOU CALL HER UP AND SORTA BREAK THE ICE FOR ME?
SURE, JEFF!
WHEN SHE ASKS ABOUT ME TELL HER WHAT A SWELL GUY YOU THINK I AM! YOU KNOW!
WHEN SHE ASKS ABOUT ME SAY I JUST CAME IN. THEN PUT ME ON THE 'PHONE!
SURE! OH, HELLO MAZIE! THIS IS MUTT! HOW ARE YOU?
OH, THAT'S FINE!--- WHAT?-SURE!--YOU BET!--O.K. HONEY! I'LL MEET YOU AT EIGHT!
SHE DIDN'T ASK ABOUT YOU!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD

MINIMUM RS. 1/8-

To be paid in advance.

PERSONAL ADLETS

Wanted Mr. George Collins to contact with Messrs. J. Crawford, Veterinary Surgeons, Telephone No. 41090, regarding his Dalmatian Dog. If heard nothing before 4th September, 1945, no responsibility of the dog will be taken and the same will be disposed of as deemed fit. (9208)

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted well-educated Graduate Gujarati virgin bride aged 25 to 30 for an advanced caste, preferably an M.A. or B.A., B.T., or M.B.B.S. for a highly cultured ex-professor with monthly income of Rs. 300|- at present. Write full details to Box No. 9199, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Non-Bharadwaja Bridegrooms for moderately educated good looking Vadama girls 17 and 19, sub-caste young widows no objection. Correspond TSK, P B. 1235, Bombay. (9209)

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted B.Sc. with Botany, Geology and Chemistry for a post of Lecturer in Ayurvedic College on a salary of Rs. 50|- plus 15|- W.A. Apply immediately Box No. 4593, "Bombay Chronicle."

If you want any kind of employment, apply to Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (9198)

Wanted:—A Lecturer in Mathematics to teach upto B.A. and B.Sc. in the grade (100-8|2-180 with D.A.). Minimum qualification M.A. or M.Sc. with at least Second Class. Higher Start in the grade according to qualifications. Persons with higher qualifications and experience may be appointed as Professors in the grade (150-10-250 with D.A.). Applications to reach Principal, M.T.B. College, Surat, before 1st September, stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary acceptable. (4346)

Applications are invited for (1) two posts of Assistant Directors. Salary Rs. 400|-. Only those need apply who possess high academic qualifications and have worked for at least two years on the editorial staff of an English daily. (2) One Confidential Assistant. Salary Rs. 200|-. (3) One Stenographer. Salary Rs. 150|-. Those selected for appointment will be entitled to allowanees and concessions admissible to the employees of the Chancellor's Secretariat. A few candidates will be asked to come up for test and interview before a Selection Committee at New Delhi at their own expense. Women are eligible for all the appointments. Applications with testimonials and references should reach the Director of Public Relations, Chamber of Princes, Council House, New Delhi, not later than September 8, 1945. (4586)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Dentistry within short period. Apply prospectus: Dental Training Institute, Garediakuva, Rajkot. (4292)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Haemovin has been proved effective for the treatment of piles. Its use ensures rapid and prolonged relief from pain. Obtainable at chemists or direct from: M|s. Premier Trading Co., Advani Chambers, Fort, Bombay. (4403)

1000 Diabetes Radically treated per year from 1936 with money back guarantee. Diabetic Clinic Indo-Trading Co., Tiruvarur, Madras. (9203)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents & Stockists throughout India to push sale of "Castrolate" (Laxative Chocolate) etc. on lucurative terms. Apply Somjee & Co., Circular Road, Lahore. (9204)

PARTNERS WANTED

Wanted a whole time working partner on profit sharing basis only for a big Chemical and Pharmaceutical concern in the Punjab, manufacturing Injectuals, Cosmetics, Toilets and fruit Products. The applicant must be qualified having experience in manufacture of Cosmetics and Toilets. Injectuals, Vaccine Phage and Proprietory Medicines. Apply with qualifications, details of experience and terms. Investment by the working partner may not be insisted upon. Correspond Box No. 9185, "Bombay Chronicle."

BUSINESS OFFERS

Specialised Stock Marke. Services offered to Brokers, Dealers and Investors, all alike by the Calcutta Stock and Share Dealers Ltd., 7, Swallow Lane, Calcutta. (4287A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO COMMON JURORS

MEMBERS of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court, on the first floor on Tuesday, the 28th August, 1945, at 2-45 P.M. (S.T.)

J. B. GREAVES,
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 27th August, 1945. (4595)

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals), Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
Dated the 25th Aug. '45.

AUCTION NOTICE
VEHICLE FOR DISPOSAL

A PUBLIC AUCTION will be held at the Detached Vehicle Park Nasik Road on Monday the 3rd September, 1945 at 12 Noon, when the following repairable vehicles will be offered for sale.

	DESCRIPTION	Nos.
1.	"Ford" Model 1941—118 T 3 Ton Trucks.	7.
2.	"Ford" Impressed—1939 Model Sedan.	13.
3.	"Ford" Model 1940—O 1T-30 cwt. Truck.	1.
4.	"Ford" Model 1933—81T 30 cwt. Truck.	1.
5.	"Ford" Model 1939—91 TT—3 ton Trucks.	3.
6.	"Ford" Model 1939—91 T—30 cwt. Trucks.	1.
7.	"Austin" 7 H.P.—Two Seater.	1.
8.	"Plymouth" Model 1937 1. M. P. Sedan.	1.

The vehicles can be inspected at site by previous arrangement with the stockholder. Conditions of sale will be announced by the Government Auctioneers Messrs. F. Esoofally & Co., 3|4 Sadar Bazaar, Deolali, prior to the commencement of the auction. (4589)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals),
Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate,
Bombay, the 11th August, 1945.

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for purchase of waste cardboard arising at all Salvage Depots, Sub-Depots and Transit Depots, Ordnance Factories, Ordnance Clothing Factories and other Military Establishments in Hyderabad State, Central Provinces and Bombay Presidency on an ex site basis for a Rate Contract for a period of six months commencing from 1st Sept. '45. All sales will be governed by conditions of Contract Con. 117, which can be inspected at this office.

2. No guarantee regarding quantity or quality of accumulations can be given. Accumulations will be offered as and when available in sufficient quantities (Not less than 2 tons at a time) during the period of the Rate Contract and the value of the stores will have to be paid immediately and the stores cleared from the depot promptly. Government cannot undertake any responsibility to provide facilities for the movement of the material.

3. Quotations per ton ex site in sealed tenders Superscribed "Tender No. CS|SYD|4194 due on 5-9-45" should be submitted so as to reach this office not later than 4 P.M. on 5-9-1945 and should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 500|- deposited in Imperial Reserve Bank of India or Government Treasury under the Head of Account "Revenue Deposit", in favour of Controller of Supplies (Disposals) Bombay. This amount will be refunded to unsuccessful tenderers. 4594

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals Br.) Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

AUCTION NOTICE

A PUBLIC AUCTION SALE will be held at the Ordnance Clothing Factory, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11 on TUESDAY, the 28th of August, 1945, at 11 A.M. when the following stores will be offered for sale:

1. Simpsons Gas Producer Plant for 3 ton Lorries—1 No. Condition-serviceable.
2. Rejected Garments such as shorts, trousers, shirts, mosquito nets, etc.
3. Miscellaneous stores such as cotton cuttings, old gunny, tarred paper waste, drums, etc.

List of stores to be auctioned can be had from M|s. Gandhi & Co., Govt. auctioneers, 72 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, and the materials can be inspected at site by previous arrangement with the stockholder. Terms and conditions governing the auction will be announced by the Government Auctioneers prior to the commencement of the auction. (4585)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for industrial Research Grants. The forms of application and copies of the rules governing these grants can be had from the undersigned. Three copies of applications should be forwarded through the Head of the Institute where the work is intended to be carried out so as to reach the undersigned not later than 15th October 1945. The problems selected should have a direct industrial application and should preferably either be in connection with the utilisation of the raw materials of this province or be directly useful to the industries of this province.

Secretary,
Provincial Industrial Research Committee
Industrial Research Laboratories,
Matunga, Bombay, 19. (4530)

PUBLIC NOTICES

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES (DISPOSALS),
Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for purchase and removal of the following materials lying at His Majesty's Mint, Fort, Bombay No. 1, Depot.

ITEM NO.	NOMENCLATURE.	QUANTITY.	CONDITIONS.
1.	Crucible scrap.	50 tons.	Scrap.

The materials will be sold without any guarantee as to their condition or quantity and subject to Conditions of Contract Con. 117 (copy obtainable from Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, Queen's Road, Bombay).

Samples of the materials can be inspected in this office or they can be viewed at site by previous appointment with stockholder.

Offers in tenderers' own form in a sealed cover superscribed Tender No. CS|SYD|4030 Due on 30-8-45 should reach this office not later than 4 P.M. on 30-8-45. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit at call receipt for Rs. 200|- deposited as earnest money in Imperial or Reserve Bank of India or a Government Treasury in favour of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals) Bombay under Head of Account "Revenue Deposits". The deposit is refundable to unsuccessful tenderers.

Offers should remain open for acceptance upto 15-9-45. Delivery should be completed ex site within 15 days of receipt of acceptance of offer. No assistance will be offered in obtaining transport facilities, railway wagons, etc.

Tenderers will be at liberty to quote for the entire quantity or a portion thereof. Rates should be quoted per ton.

This office is at liberty to reject all or any portion of offers received. 4582

NOTICE
DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF DISPOSALS
(Disposals Directorate)

The Director General of Disposals, Supply Department, New Delhi, invites offers for the purchase of a self-contained Tropical Bleaching Powder Plant consisting of the following main categories of equipment.

1. PIPE BRIDGE AND STONEWARE PIPES FOR CARRYING CHLORINE;
2. LIME HYDRATOR;
3. BUNKERS, HOPPERS ELEVATORS AND CONVEYORS;
4. TWO ROTARY TUBES WITH DRIVES;
5. REFRIGERATION UNIT;
6. OIL-FIRED FURNACE;
7. BALL MILL AND ACCESSORIES;
8. PACKING PLANT.

The plant will be sold as a complete unit.

Certain stocks of stores consisting of general equipment laboratory apparatus and chemicals, containers and raw materials are also available.

The plant is intended to produce tropical bleaching powder but has NO equipment for the production of chlorine and purchasers must therefore be in a position to arrange for an independent source of supply of Chlorine.

The plant is housed in a building in the premises of the Alkali & Chemical Corporation of India at Rishra, (BENGAL) the superstructure of which is removable and is available for sale along with the plant. Tender Forms, Conditions of Contract and copies of blue print showing the general layout of the plant can be obtained from Director of Disposals, New Delhi on payment of Rs. 30|- per set in cash or by M.O. Detail drawings can also be seen by appointment at that office.

The plant is offered for sale as it is, with all faults and errors of description and Govt. do NOT guarantee its performance or its suitability for any purpose. Intending purchasers may view the plant on permits to be obtained from the Director of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi and satisfy themselves in all respects before offering to purchase. Trial runs can NOT, however, be arranged.

Tenders are invited separately for

(a) the plant, equipment and stores.
(b) superstructure of the main building.

Tenders in sealed covers superscribed "Tender No. DGD|PLT|1 due 7th September 1945 should be accompanied by a Deposit Call Receipt for Rs. 5,000|- deposited in favour of the Director of Disposals as earnest money in the Imperial Bank|Reserve Bank|Government Treasury and should reach the office of the Director of Disposals, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi by 4 p.m. on 7th September 1945. The offers should remain open for acceptance till 7th October 1945. The successful tenderer will be required to dismantle and remove the plant, stores, equipment and buildings sold to him and restore the site to its original condition within 90 days of notification of acceptance of his tender. He will also be required to deposit 10% of the sale value in one of the approved forms as security for the due performance of the Contract. 4414

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-FIFTH LOCAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India on the Branch Register of Shareholders kept at the Bombay Local Head Office of the Bank will be held at the Bombay Local Head Office, Apollo Street, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 28th day of August, 1945, at 4 P.M. (Standard Time) for the purpose of electing two persons to be members of the Local Board to fill the vacancies caused by the retirement of Mr. L. F. H. Goodwin and Sir Vithal N. Chandavarkar who go out of office at such Meeting but, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

By Order,
J. ROBERTSON,
Secretary & Treasurer (Offg.),
Bombay.

Bombay, 12th July, 1945. (4326)

NOTICE

POLICY No. HZ-7983 issued in favour of Mr. Naranbhai Govindbhai Patel, Agriculturist, Khadsupa, Surat (57, Abbas Mansion, Chabildas Road, Dadar, Bombay) is reported to have been lost. The policyholder has applied for a duplicate copy. Unless any objection against issue of a duplicate policy is lodged with us within one month from the date of issue of this notice, the company will issue the same to the policyholder.

A. F. FERGUSON & CO.,
Managers, Allianz Und Stuttgarter Life Insurance Bank Limited,
New Delhi. (9205)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ERUCH DORABJI ENGINEER of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Fort Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:—

All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground, situate, lying and being on the South side of Boat Club Road, in the village of Poona City in the Haveli Taluka in the District of Poona and in the Registration Sub-District of Haveli, containing by admeasurement 8,942 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Survey No. 354 (part) and forming part of a larger piece of land admeasuring 27,662 square yards or thereabouts formerly bearing Survey No. 127, Subnumber 1 (part) and Sub-number 2 (part) and Survey No. 128 Subnumber 1 (part) and Sub-number 3 (part) and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the West by property bearing Survey No. 352 belonging to Chaturbhuj Gordhandas, on or towards the East by property belonging to Mr. Donald G. Hill, on or towards the North by Boat Club Road and on or towards the South by property bearing Survey Nos. 354 and 355 (part) belonging to A. G. Moloobhoy.

Dated this 27th day of August, 1945.

DAYALJI & DIPCHAND,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 4588

NOTICE
SUBORDINATE CIVIL COURTS GAMBAT.

Civil Execution No. 9 of 1945.

MOTIRAM s|o Metharam & others, shopkeeper resident of Ranipur Taluka, Gambat .. Decree-holder.

Vs.

LAKHUMAL s|o Khilanmal, Merchant, resident of Khuhra taluka Gambat, at present resident of Levialy camp, District Nasik .. Judgment-Debtor.

EXECUTION FOR POSSESSION, RENT & EXPENSES.

To,
LEKHUMAL s|o Khilanmal .. Judgment-Debtor.

WHEREAS the decree-holders have applied to this court that the notice could not be served upon you in ordinary course. Therefore you are hereby noticed through the Newspaper to appear in the above execution personally or through any Pleader on 25-9-1945, at 8-30 a.m. and show cause why it should not be executed. In case of non-appearance, the Exparte-order will be made.

Given under my hand & seal of the court.

M. A. KAZI,
Sub-Judge Gambat,
(Khairpur State, Sind). (4591)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

Re: Estate of Bai HAMBAIJI SORABJI DRIVER .. Deceased

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed deceased who died at Bombay, on or about the 4th day of April, 1945 and the Letters of Administration of whose estate having effect throughout the Bombay Presidency were granted on the 24th day of August, 1945, to our client Mr. TEHMURAS RUSTOMJI MISTRY are hereby required to send in their claims to the said Administrator at the Office of the undersigned, his attorneys, at Fort Chambers, 'C', Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay within one calendar month from the date hereof, at the expiration of which time the said Administrator will hand over the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall have then notice

Dated this 27th day of August, 1945.

PURNANAND & JASUBHAI,
Attorneys for the Administrator. 4587

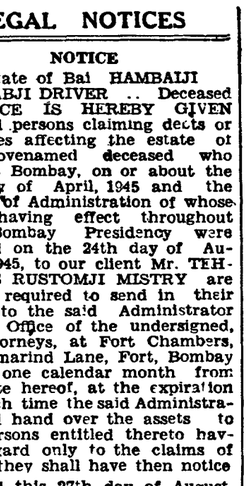
AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF PRESENTATION, DECORATIVE AND USEFUL ARTICLES, ON WEDNESDAY 29TH & THURSDAY 30TH AUGUST 1945 AT 3 P.M. EACH DAY AT THE SALE ROOM OF THE UNDERSIGNED.

A large collection of Chinese jars, vases, plates and figures, Majolica, Jardiniers, pedestals and pots, Chinese Brass and Bronze, jade table screens, Parisian marble busts, one marble statue of Venus d'Mellow on pedestal, Indian ivory paintings, silver and platedware, including entree dishes, table glassware, Philips Radio, gramophone, carpets, gold watches by Courvoiseur, J. Barrel and other makes, old silver coins; one velvet and gold brocade canopy and similar other articles.

On view from 11-30 A.M. to 5-30 P.M. Watches will be put up at 5 P.M. on the 30th inst.

SORABJEE COWASJI & CO.,
Auctioneers,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.



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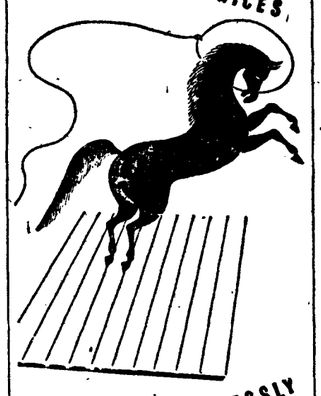
RAJAMEHTA STREET, AHMEDABAD

SHAVERSET
Unique Shaving Brush
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS:
YOUNG STORES
149-2, BOW BAZAR STREET
CALCUTTA

CHECK RUNAWAY PRICES,



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FOR THE FUTURE

Today's best investments are Insurance, Co-operative Societies, Savings Bank Accounts, Post Office Savings Bank Accounts and best of all National Savings Certificates and Government Loans.

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HAMAM

The rich and fragrant lather of Hamam has made it a popular soap throughout India. We have kept abreast of the rising demand. Stocks are available everywhere. Ask your dealer for Hamam

THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY LIMITED

For OTTORRHOEA (Discharge of Pus from Ear acute or Chronic) Ulceration of the innermost parts of the Ear etc. etc. and all internal Ear Troubles

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